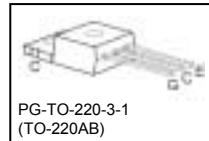
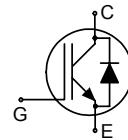


Fast IGBT in NPT-technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode

- 75% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation combined with low conduction losses
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μs
- Designed for:
 - Motor controls
 - Inverter
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
 - parallel switching capability
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	T_j	Marking	Package
SKP02N60	600V	2A	2.2V	150°C	K06N60	PG-T0-220-3-1

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current	I_C	6.0	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		2.9	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by $T_{j\text{max}}$	$I_{C\text{puls}}$	12	
Turn off safe operating area	-	12	
$V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I_F	6.0	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by $T_{j\text{max}}$	$I_{F\text{puls}}$	12	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time ²	t_{SC}	10	μs
$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	30	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	T_s	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
wavesoldering, 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s			

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

² Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		4.2	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJCD}		7	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}	PG-T0-220-3-1	62	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_C=500\mu\text{A}$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C=2\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1.7 -	1.9 2.2	2.4 2.7	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_F=2.9\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1.2 -	1.4 1.25	1.8 1.65	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_C=150\mu\text{A}, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=600\text{V}, V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	-	20 250	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0\text{V}, V_{GE}=20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_C=2\text{A}$	-	1.6	-	S

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25\text{V},$	-	142	170	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{GE}=0\text{V},$	-	18	22	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	-	10	12	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=480\text{V}, I_C=2\text{A}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	-	14	18	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	7	-	nH
Short circuit collector current ²⁾	$I_{C(\text{SC})}$	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}, t_{sc} \leq 10\mu\text{s}$ $V_{CC} \leq 600\text{V},$ $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	20	-	A

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=2\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=118\Omega$,	-	20	24	ns
Rise time	t_r	$L_\sigma^{(1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma^{(1)}=180\text{pF}$	-	13	16	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	E_{on}	-	259	311	
Fall time	t_f	E_{off}	-	52	62	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.036	0.041	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.028	0.036	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.064	0.078	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=2.9\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	130	-	ns
	t_s		-	12	-	
	t_F		-	118	-	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	65	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	1.9	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	180	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

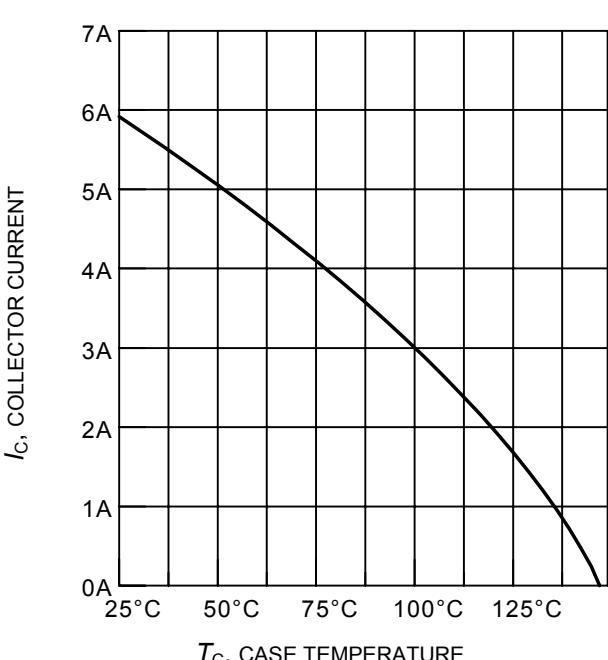
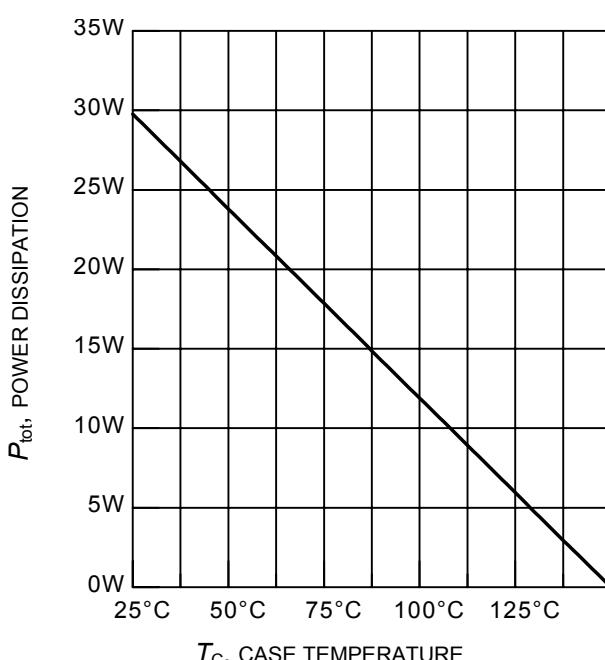
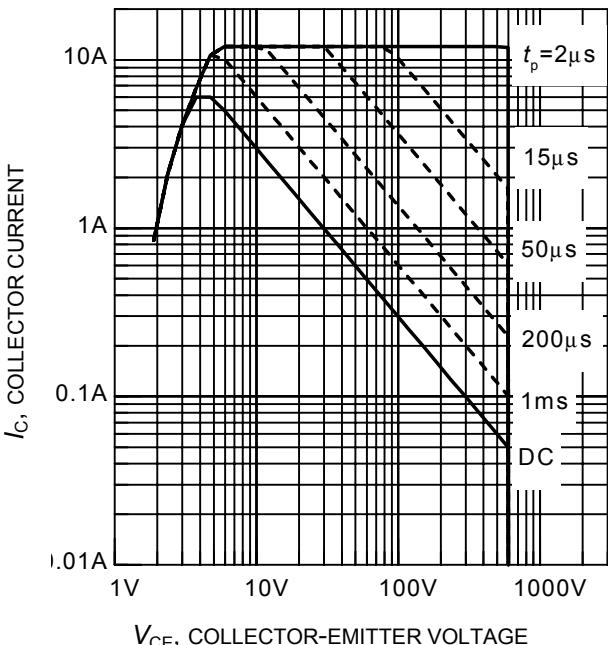
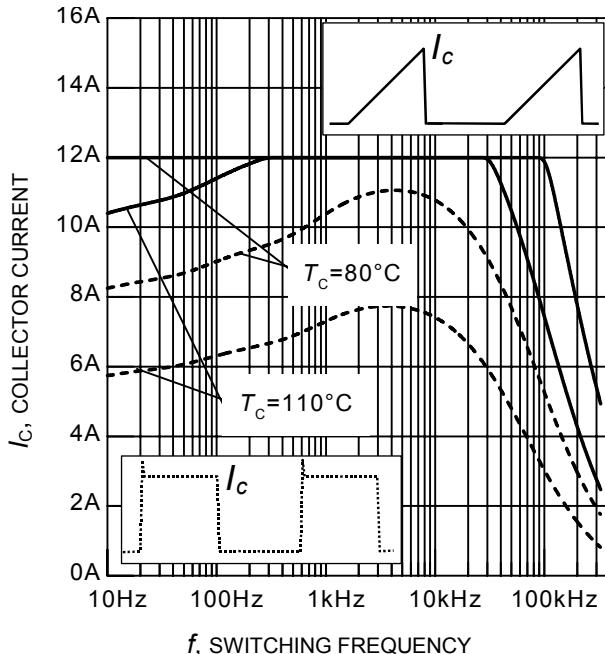
Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=2\text{A}$,	-	20	24	ns
Rise time	t_r	$V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=118\Omega$,	-	14	17	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$L_\sigma^{(1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma^{(1)}=180\text{pF}$	-	287	344	
Fall time	t_f	E_{on}	-	67	80	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	E_{off}	-	0.054	0.062	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.043	0.056	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.097	0.118	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=2.9\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	150	-	ns
	t_s		-	19	-	
	t_F		-	131	-	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	150	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	3.8	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	200	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_σ and Stray capacity C_σ due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.



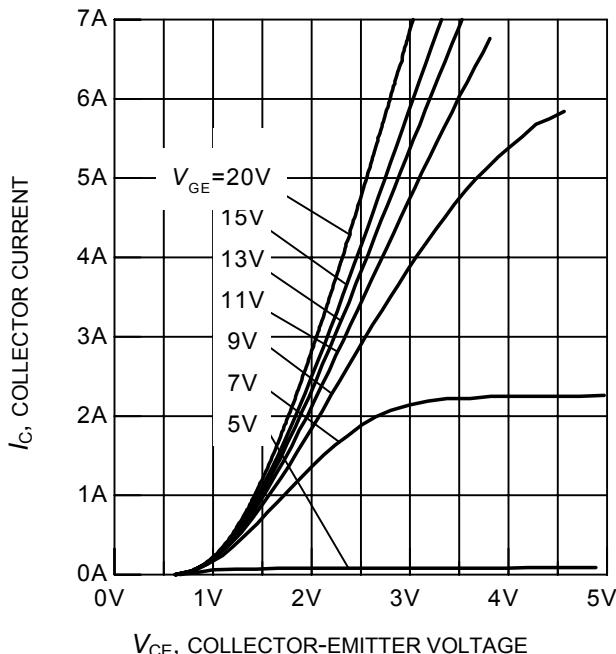


Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

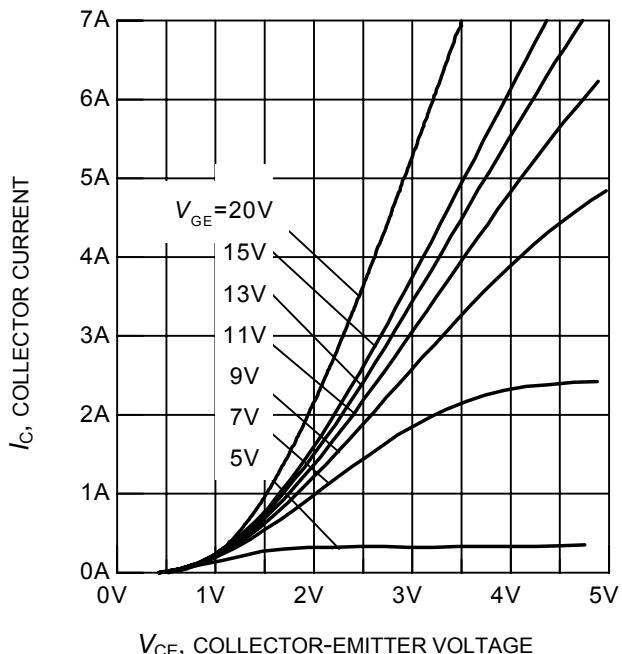


Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

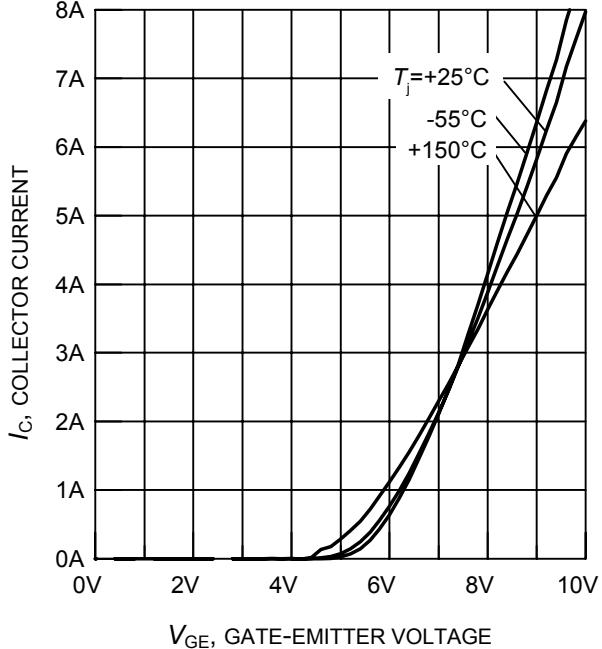


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$)

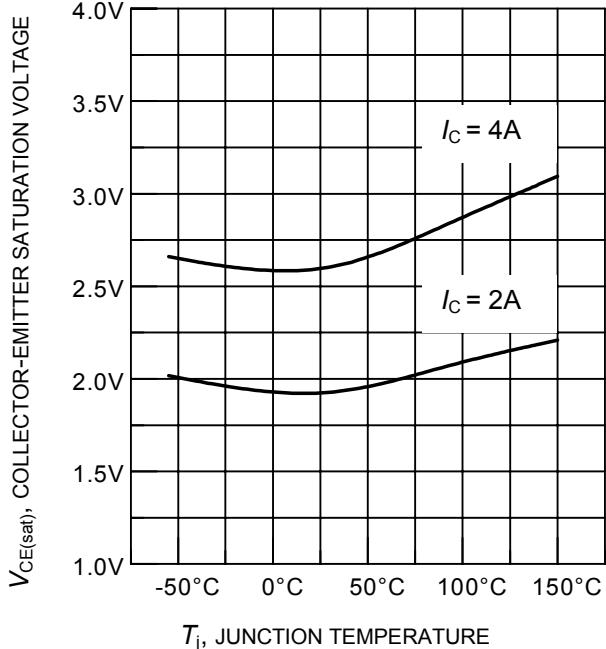


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

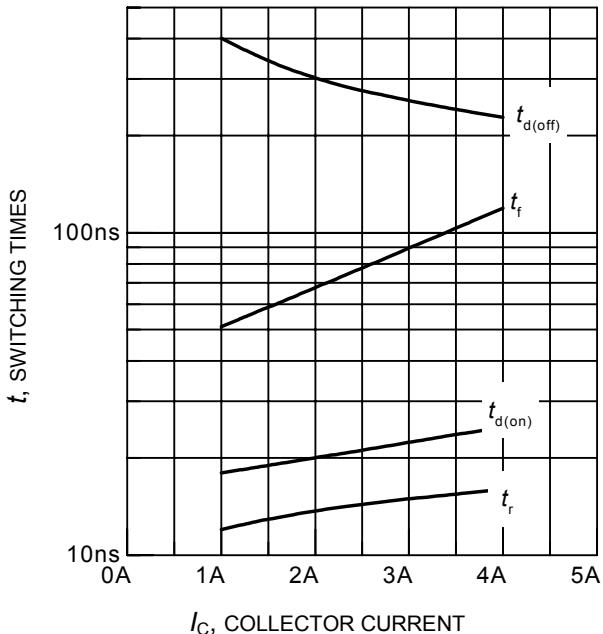


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

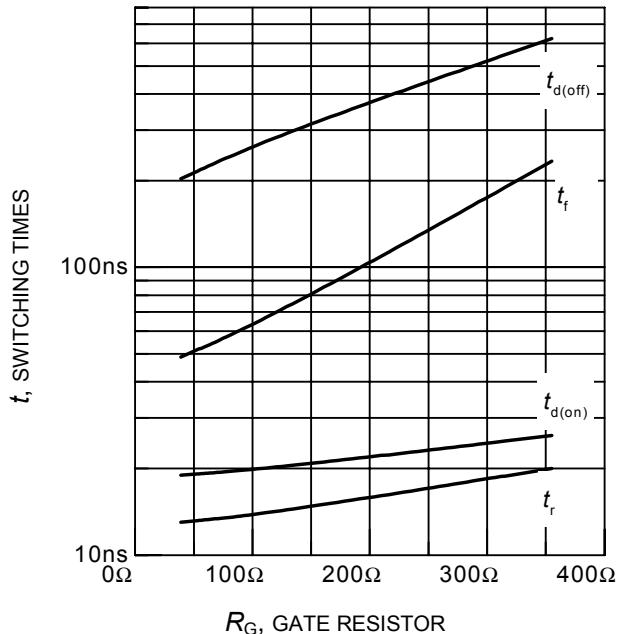


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 2\text{A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

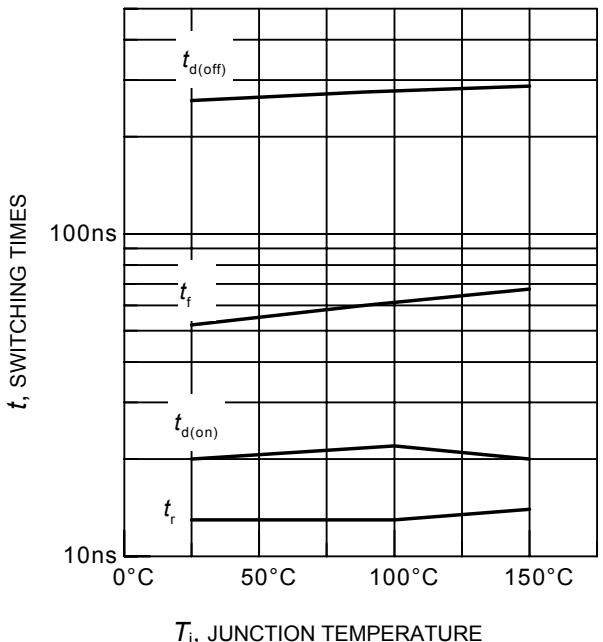


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$,
 $I_C = 2\text{A}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

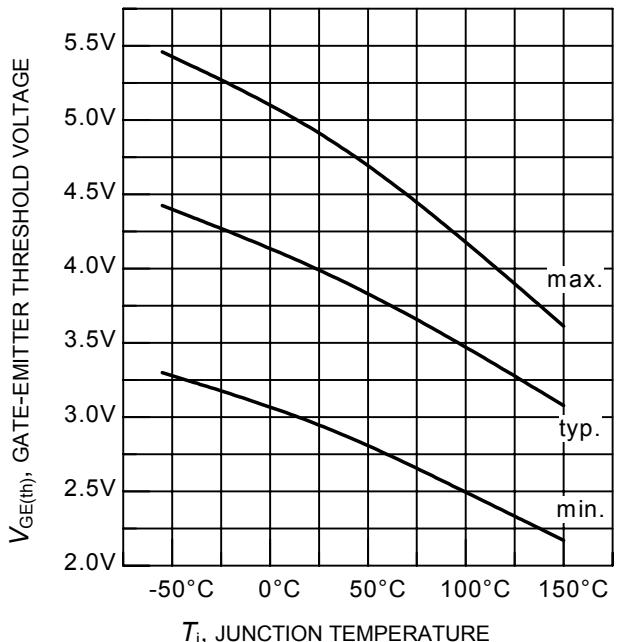


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

($I_C = 0.15\text{mA}$)

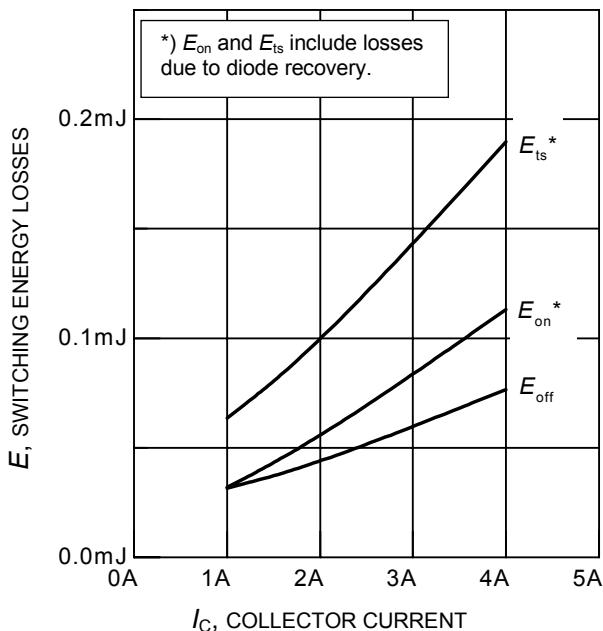


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

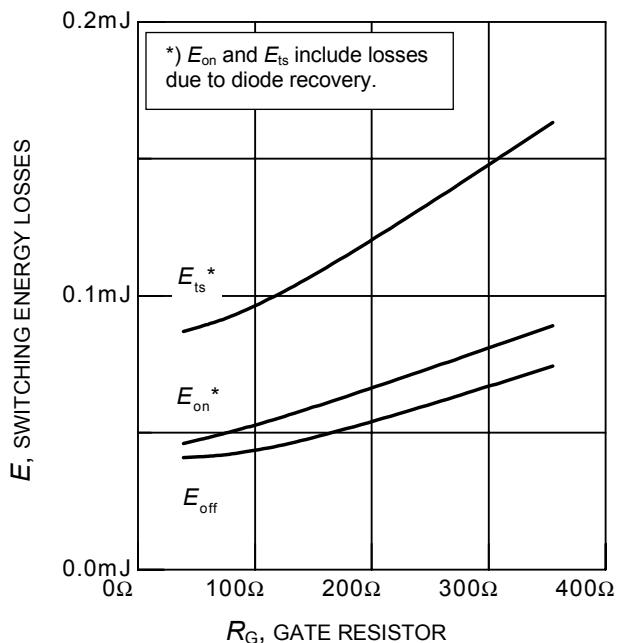


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 2\text{A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

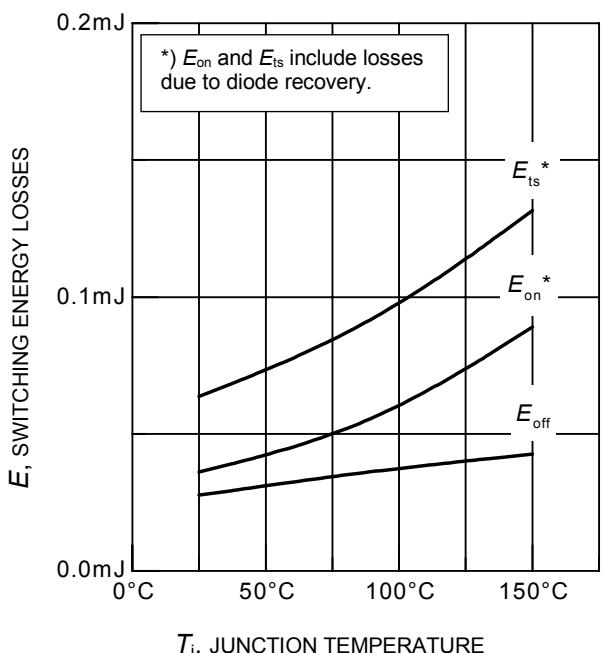


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$,
 $I_C = 2\text{A}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

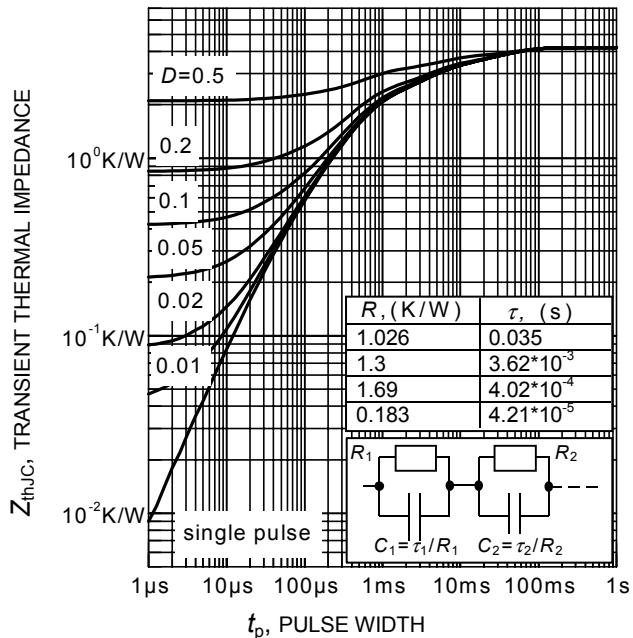


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

($D = t_p / T$)

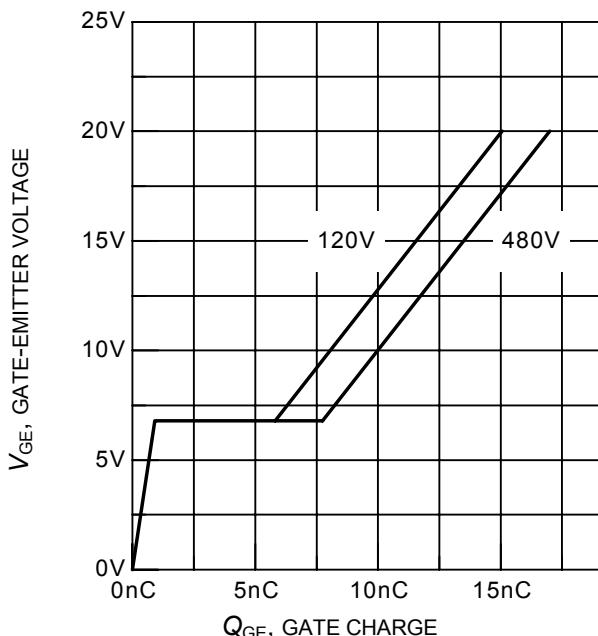


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 2A$)

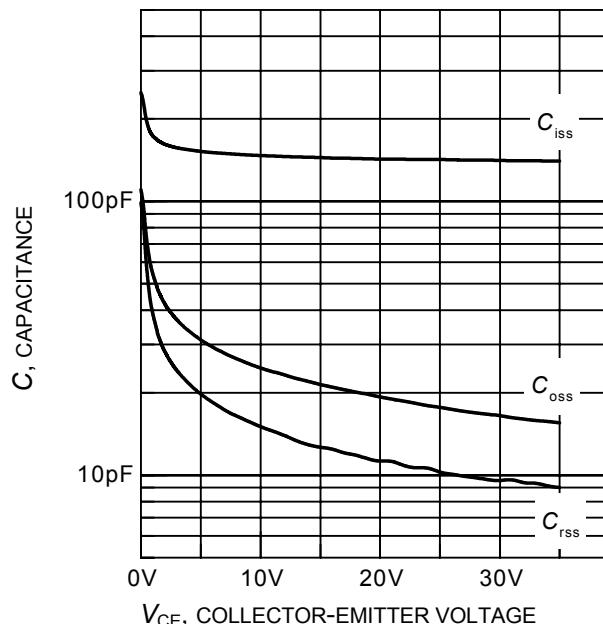


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$)

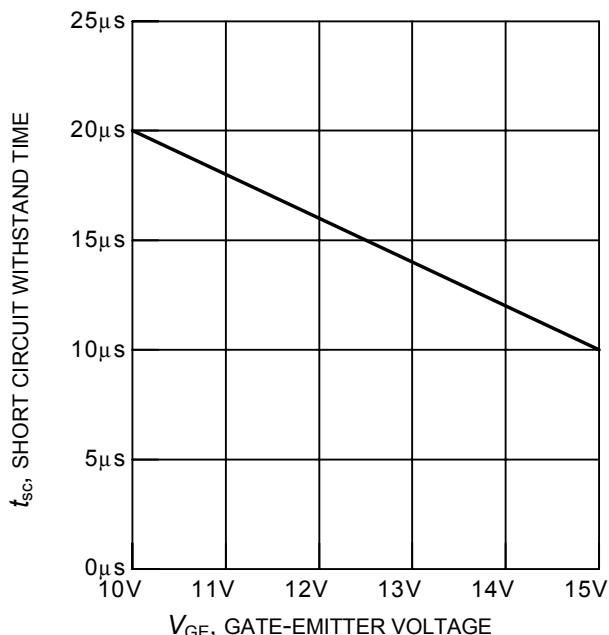


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} = 600V$, start at $T_j = 25^\circ C$)

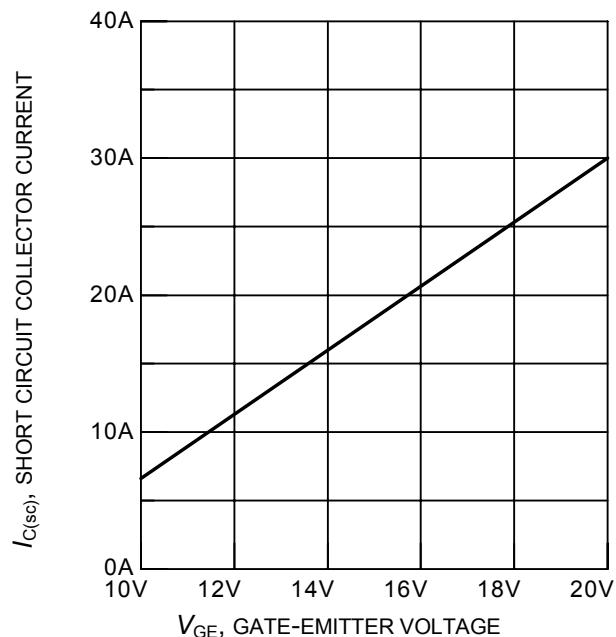
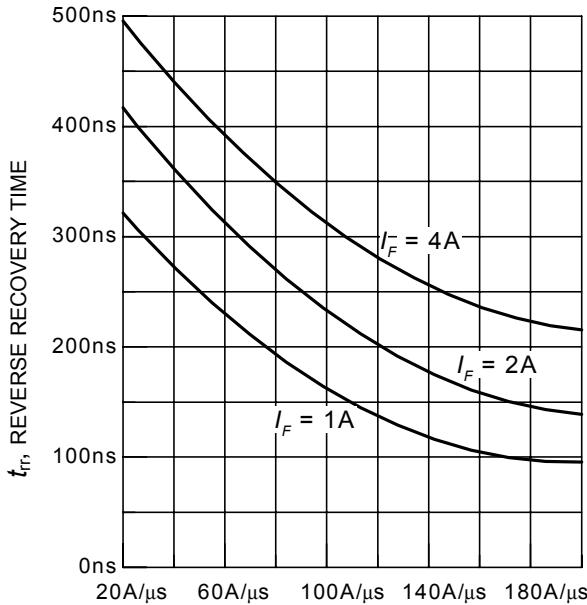
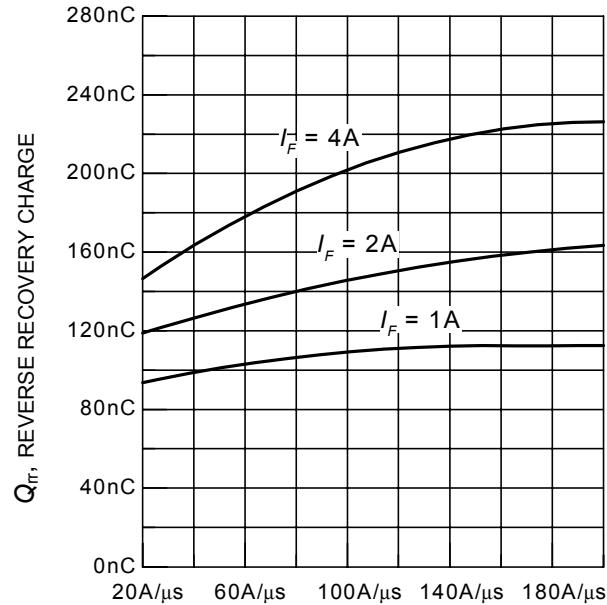


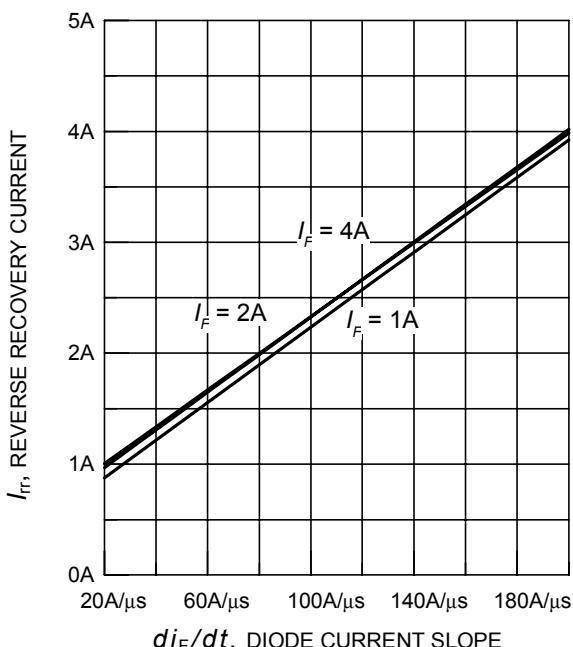
Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 600V, T_j = 150^\circ C$)



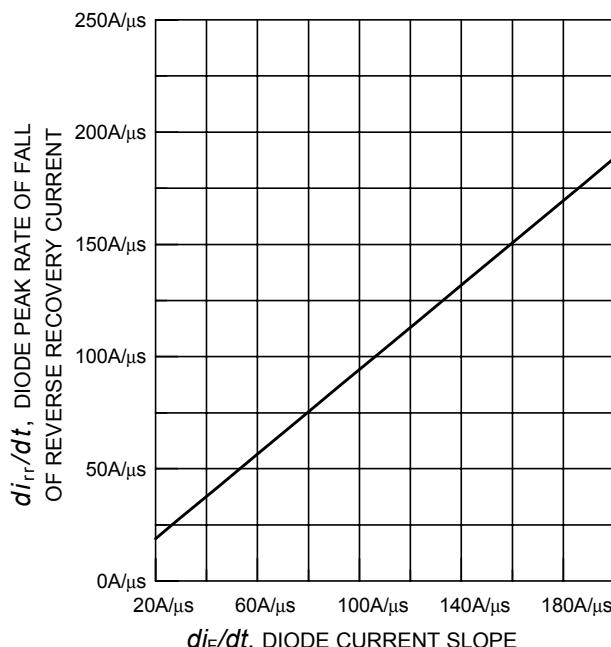
di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^{\circ}C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^{\circ}C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^{\circ}C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^{\circ}C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

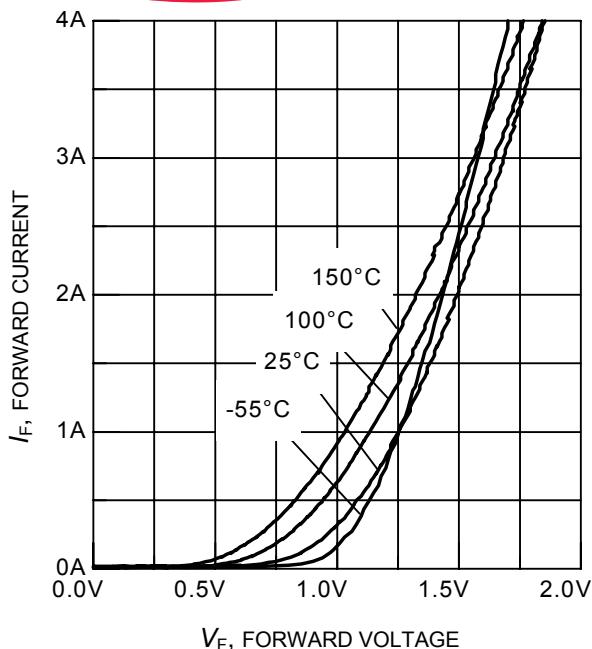


Figure 25. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

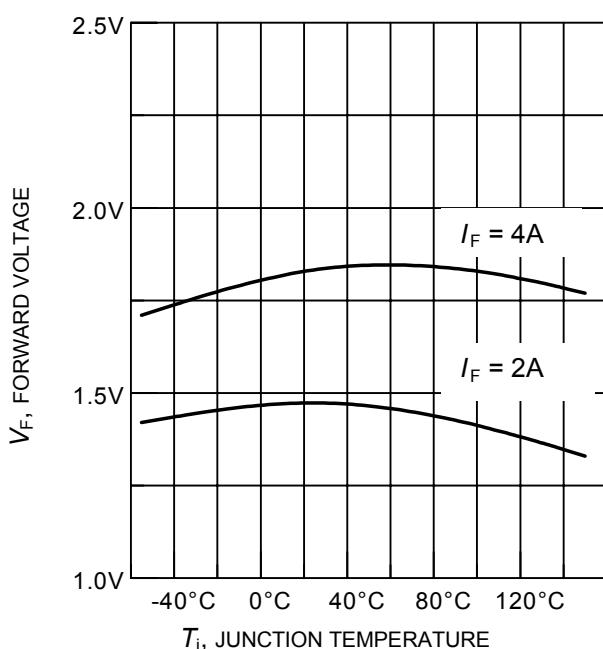


Figure 26. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

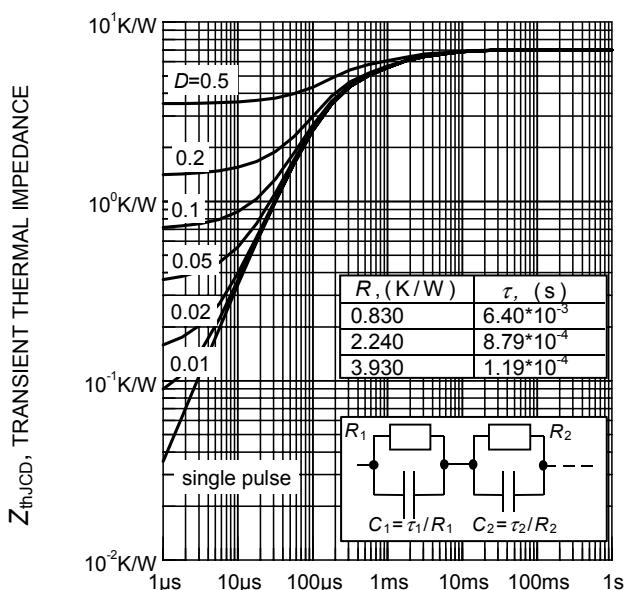
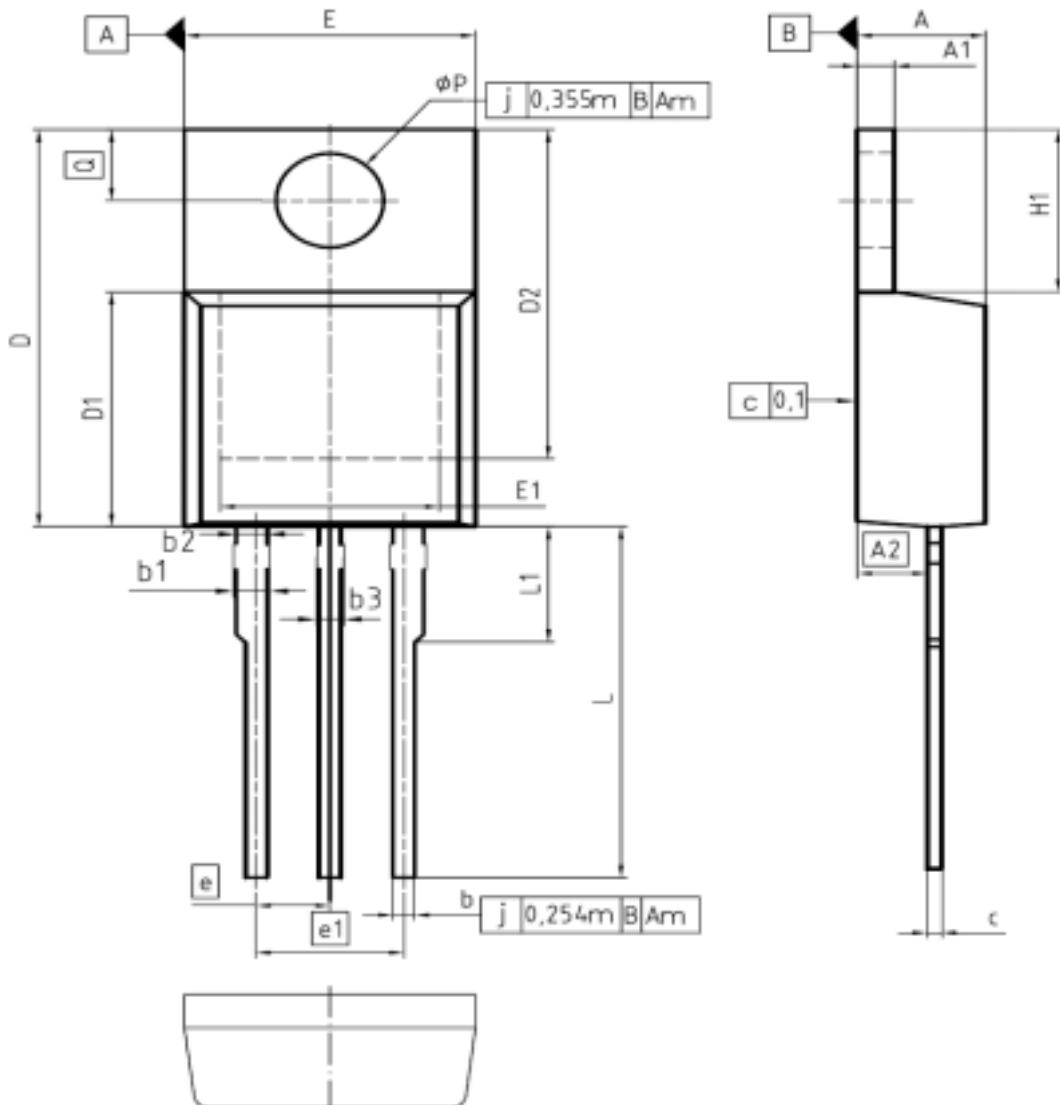


Figure 27. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $(D = t_p / T)$

PG-T0220-3-1



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180
A1	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
A2	2.15	2.72	0.085	0.107
b	0.65	0.86	0.026	0.034
b1	0.95	1.40	0.037	0.056
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
b3	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
c	0.33	0.60	0.013	0.024
D	14.81	15.95	0.583	0.628
D1	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372
D2	12.19	13.10	0.480	0.516
E	9.70	10.36	0.382	0.408
E1	6.50	8.80	0.256	0.339
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H1	5.90	6.90	0.232	0.272
L	13.00	14.00	0.512	0.551
L1	-	4.80	-	0.189
ϕP	3.60	3.89	0.142	0.153
Q	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118

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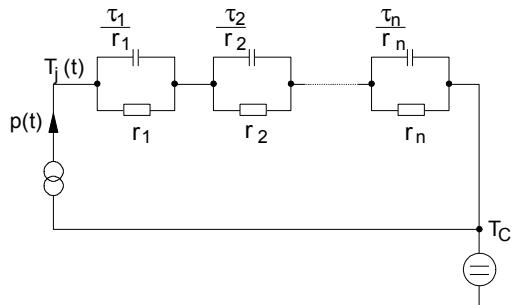
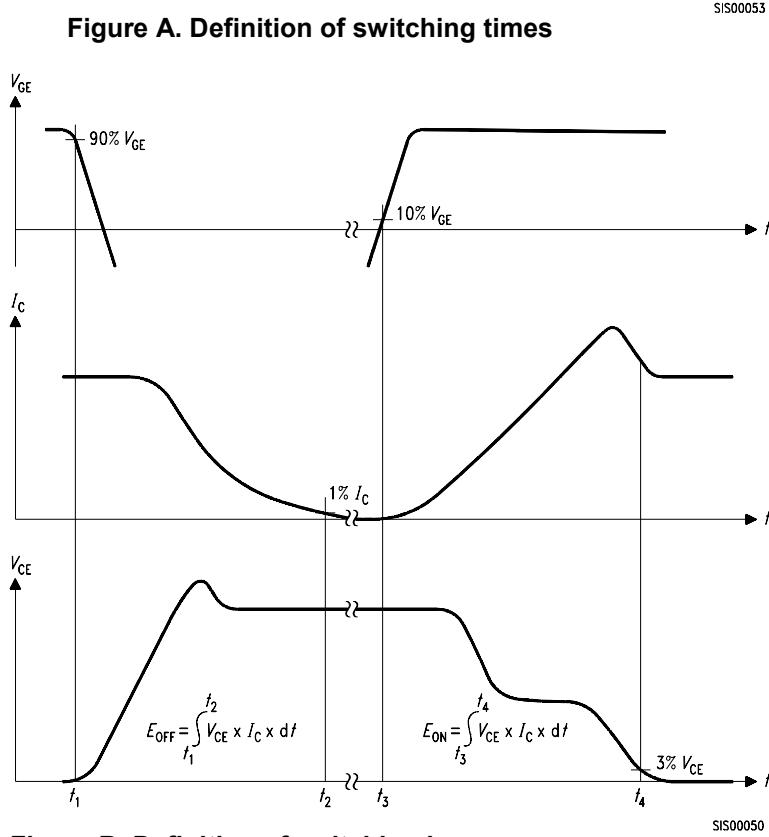
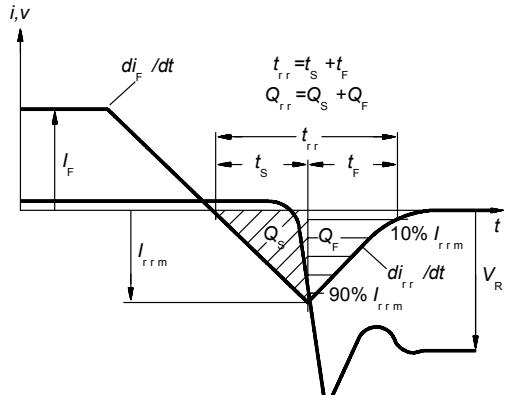
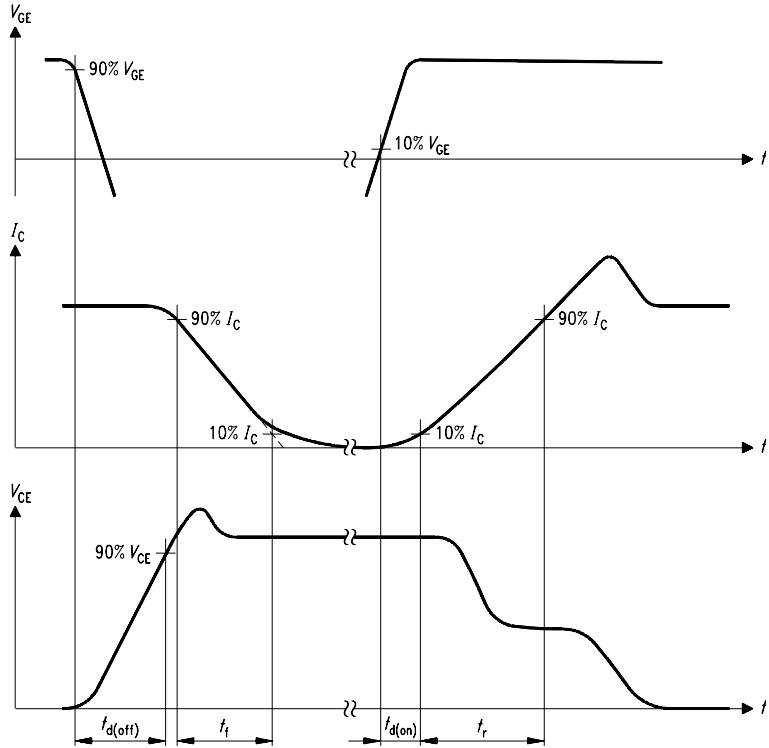


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

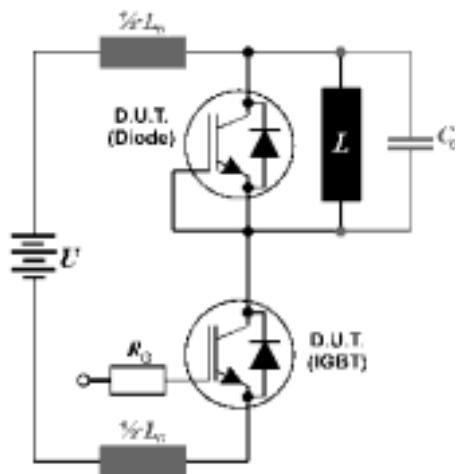


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$ and Stray capacity $C_\sigma = 180\text{pF}$.

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