

### General Description

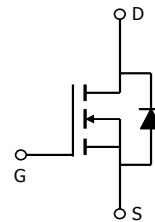
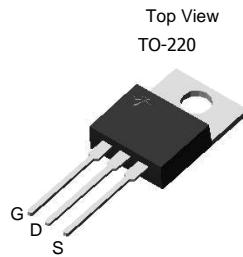
The AOT1N60 have been fabricated using an advanced high voltage MOSFET process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in popular AC-DC applications. By providing low  $R_{DS(on)}$ ,  $C_{iss}$  and  $C_{rss}$  along with guaranteed avalanche capability these parts can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

For Halogen Free add "L" suffix to part number:  
AOT1N60L

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	700V@150°C
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	1.3A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 9Ω

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	600	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	1.3	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		0.9	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	4	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	1	A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	15	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>G</sup>	$E_{AS}$	30	mJ
Peak diode recovery dv/dt	dv/dt	5	V/ns
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	41.7	W
Derate above $25^\circ C$		0.3	W/°C
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	55	65	°C/W
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta CS}$	-	0.5	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2	3	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	600			V
		$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$		700		
$BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.6		$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=600\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=480\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$			10	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 30\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=5\text{V} I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	3	4.1	4.5	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=0.65\text{A}$		7.5	9	$\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=40\text{V}, I_D=0.65\text{A}$		0.9		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.65	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				1	A
$I_{SM}$	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current				4	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=25\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	100	130	160	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		11	14.5	17.5	pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		1.4	1.8	2.2	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	2.8	3.5	5.3	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=480\text{V}, I_D=1\text{A}$		6.1	8	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			1.3	2	nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			3.1	4	nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=300\text{V}, I_D=1\text{A}, R_G=25\Omega$		10	12	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			6.7	8	ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			20	25	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			11.5	15	ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=1\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}$		114	137	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=1\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}$		0.63	0.76	$\mu\text{C}$

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device in a still air environment with  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

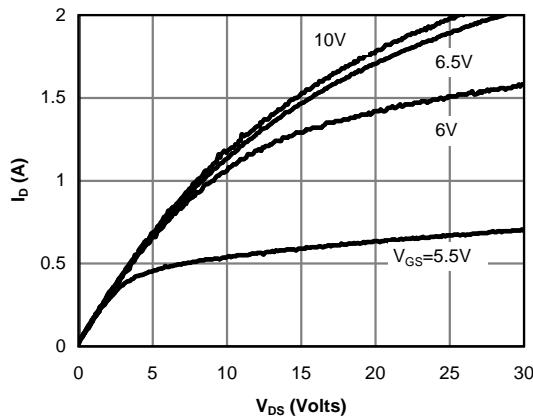
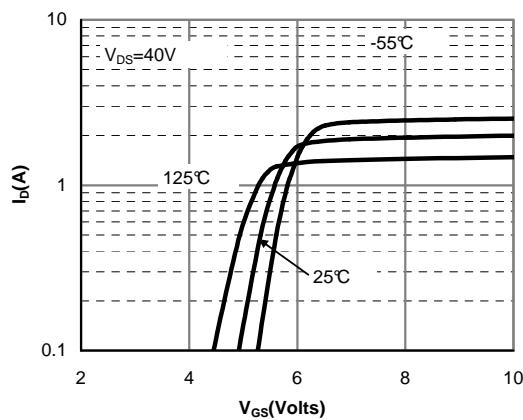
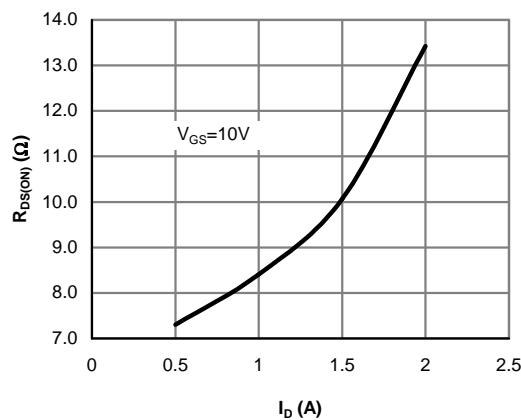
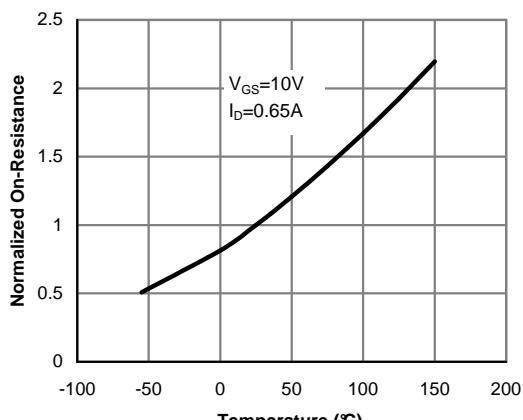
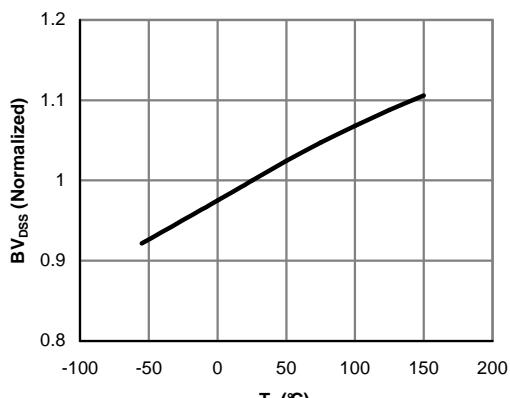
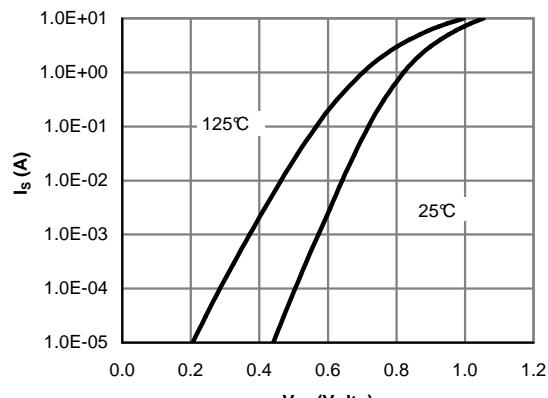
D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

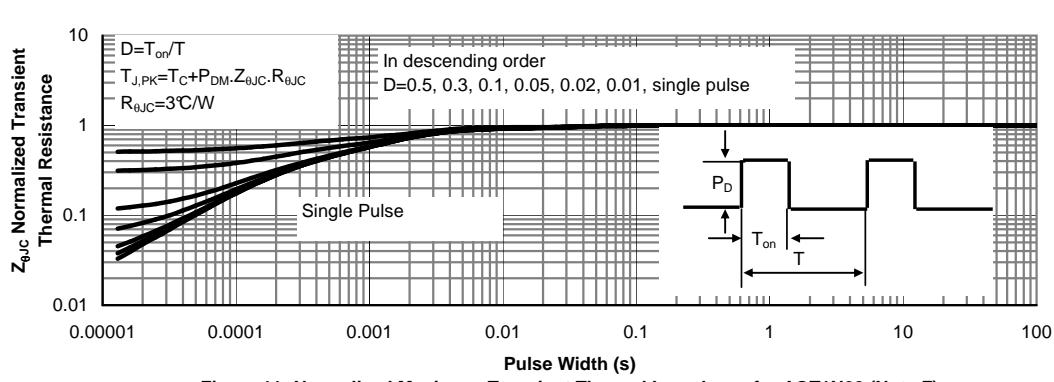
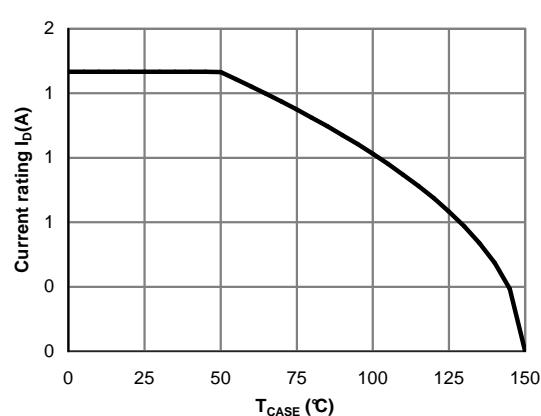
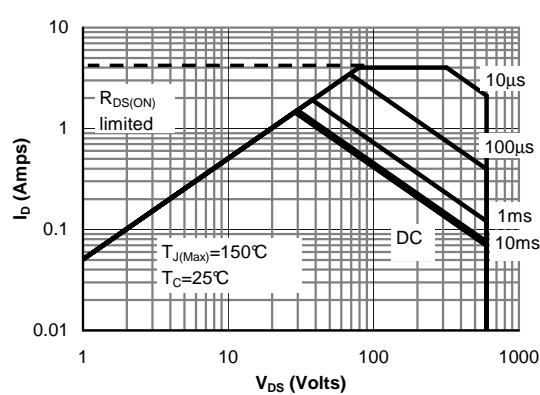
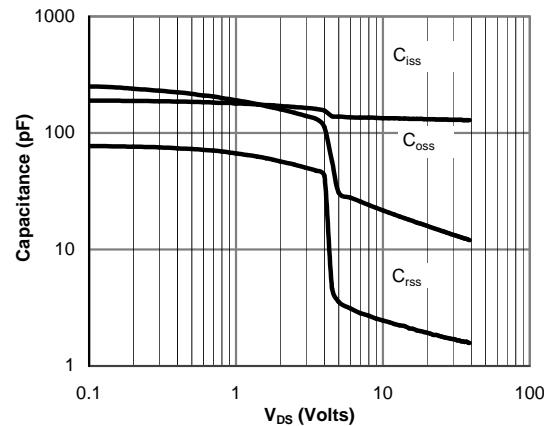
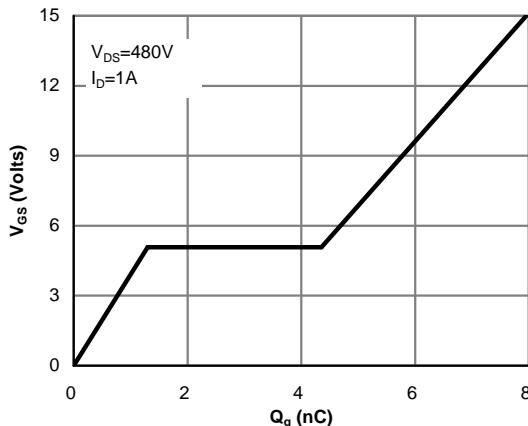
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\ \mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

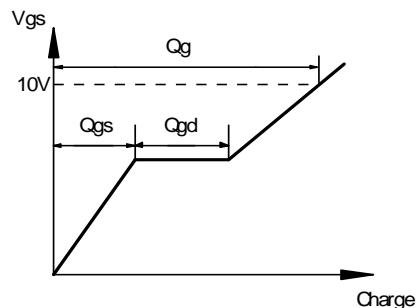
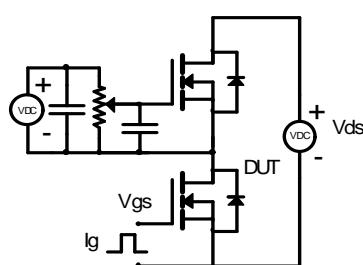
G.  $L=60\text{mH}, I_{AS}=1\text{A}, V_{DD}=150\text{V}, R_G=25\Omega$ , Starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$

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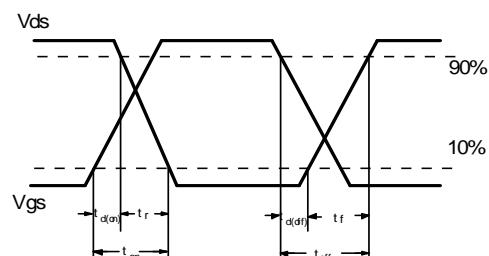
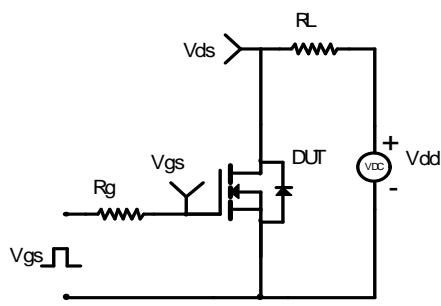
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**


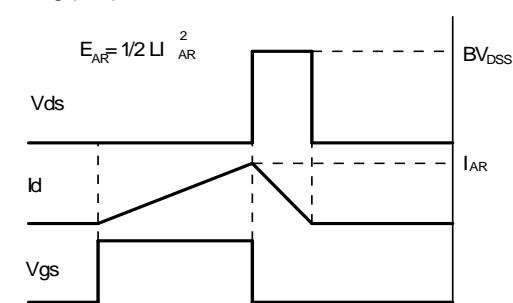
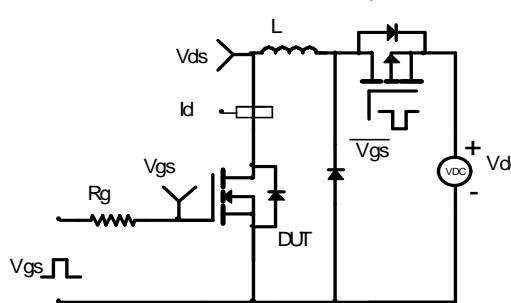
Gate Charge Test Circuit &amp; Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

