

### General Description

- Trench Power MV MOSFET technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Gate Charge
- Optimized for fast-switching applications

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	60V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	35A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 16mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	< 20mΩ

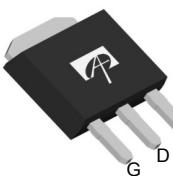
### Applications

- Synchronous Rectification in DC/DC and AC/DC Converters
- Industrial and Motor Drive applications

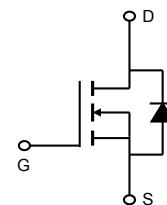
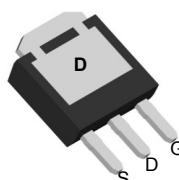
100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



Top View



Bottom View



### Orderable Part Number

Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOI2614	TO-251A	Tube	4000

### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>	$I_D$ <sub><math>T_C=25^\circ C</math></sub>	35	A
	$I_D$ <sub><math>T_C=100^\circ C</math></sub>	30	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	90	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_{DSM}$ <sub><math>T_A=25^\circ C</math></sub>	13	A
	$I_{DSM}$ <sub><math>T_A=70^\circ C</math></sub>	10.5	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	20	A
Avalanche energy <sub>L=0.1mH</sub> <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	20	mJ
$V_{DS}$ Spike	10μs	$V_{SPIKE}$	V
	$T_C=25^\circ C$	$P_D$	W
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$T_C=100^\circ C$	60	
	$T_A=25^\circ C$	30	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$ <sub><math>T_A=25^\circ C</math></sub>	6.2	W
	$P_{DSM}$ <sub><math>T_A=70^\circ C</math></sub>	4.0	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 175	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	15	20	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup> Steady-State		40	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.0	2.5	°C/W

### Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	60			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=60\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			$\pm100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.5	2.0	2.5	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	13	16		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=18\text{A}$	22	27		$\text{m}\Omega$
			15.5	20		$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		100		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.72	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>				35	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1340		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			123		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			10		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0.7	1.5	2.3	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		21	30	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			9	15	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			4.7		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			2.6		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, R_L=1.5\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		6		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			2.5		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			22		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			2.5		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		17		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		60		nC

A. The value of  $R_{0JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{0JA} \leq 10\text{s}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of  $175^\circ\text{C}$  may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{0JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{0JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

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## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

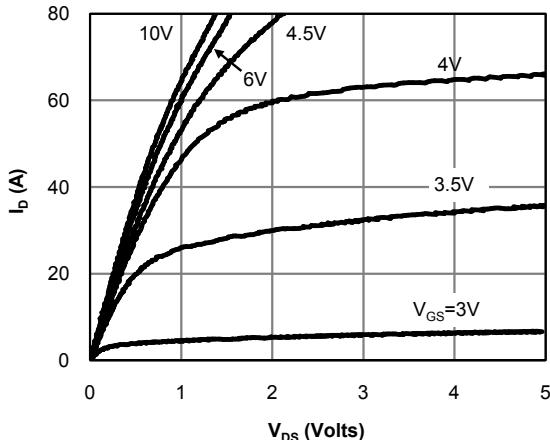


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

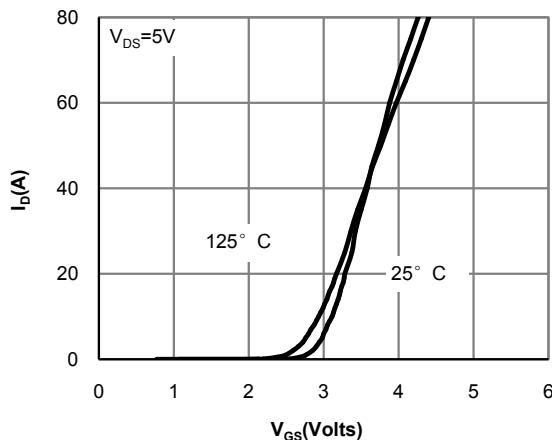


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

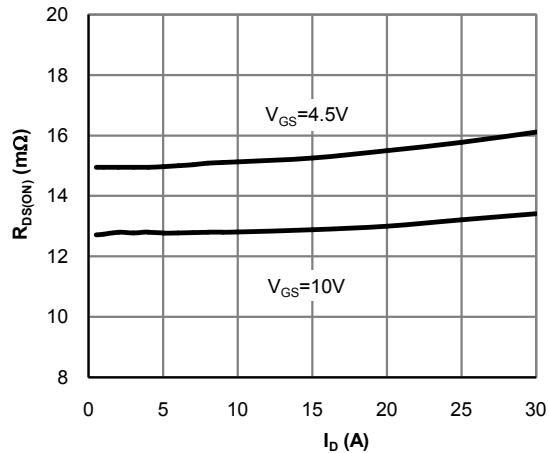


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

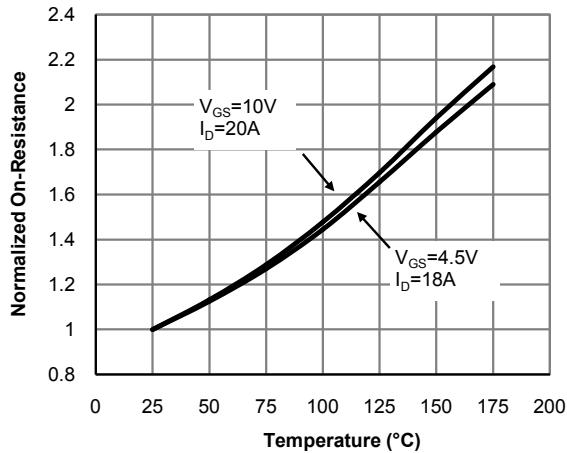


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

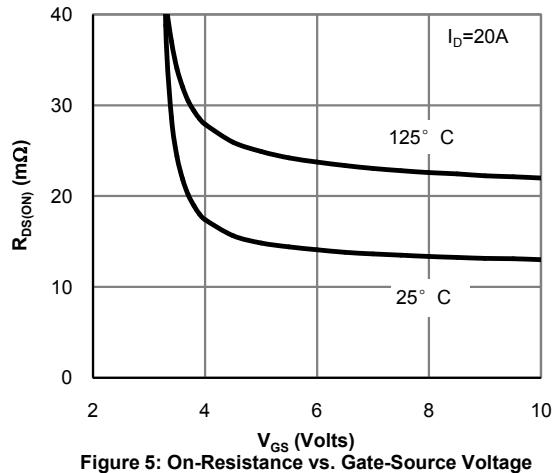


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

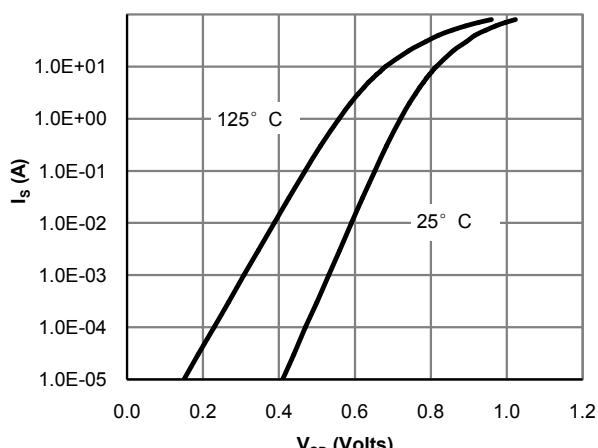


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

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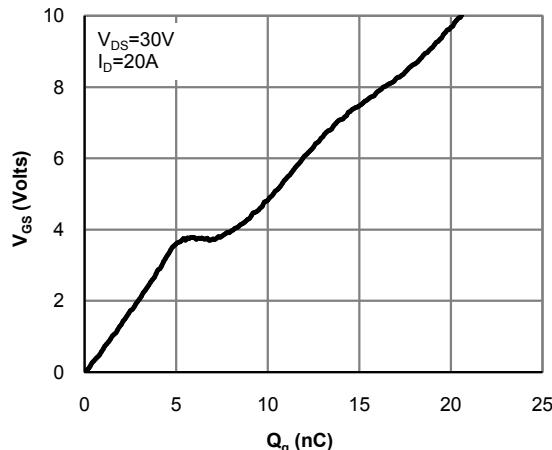


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

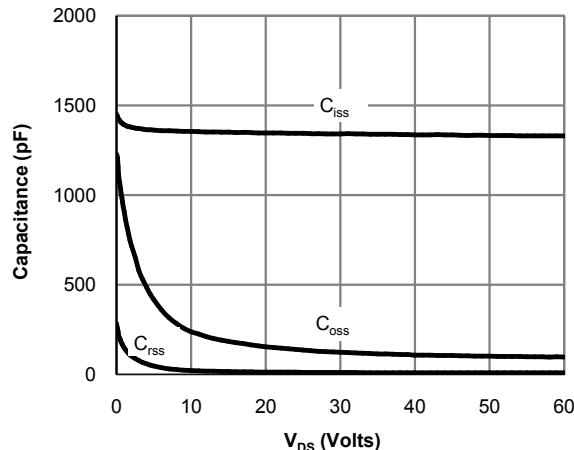


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

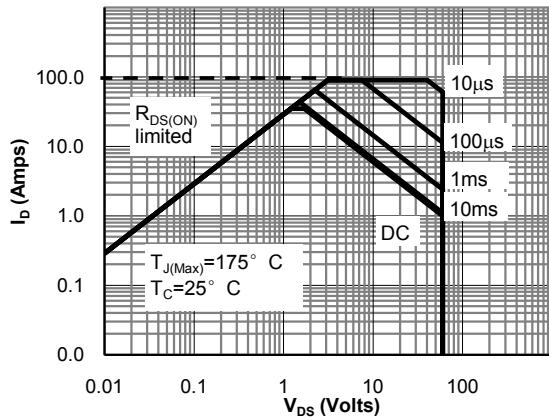


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

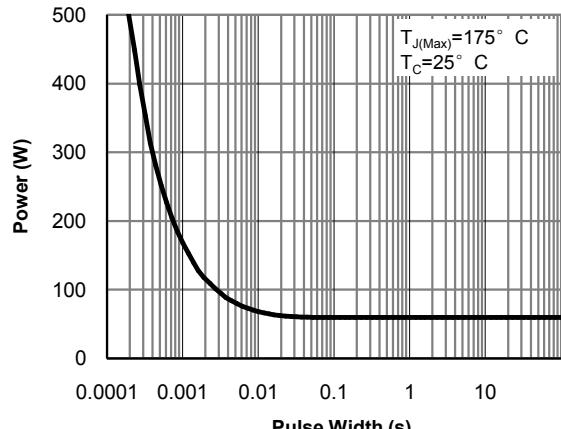


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

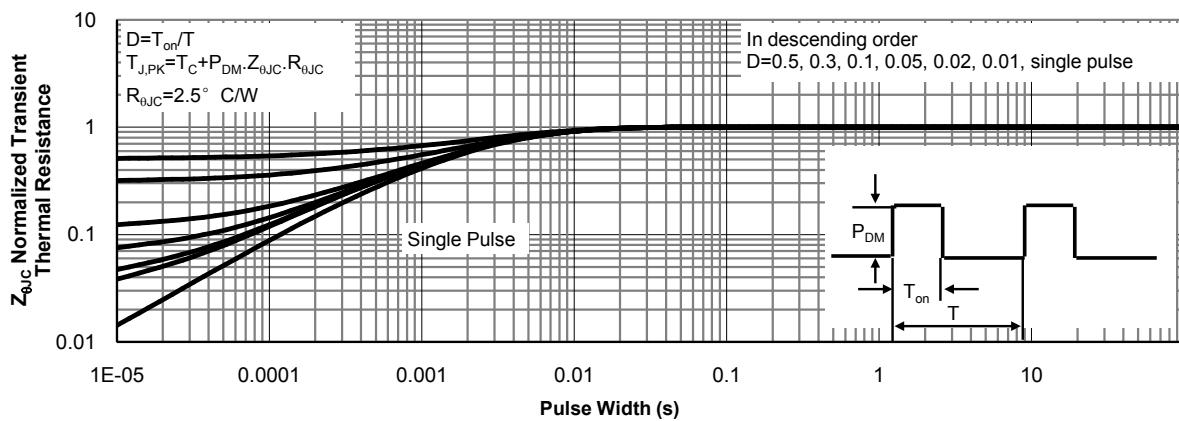


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

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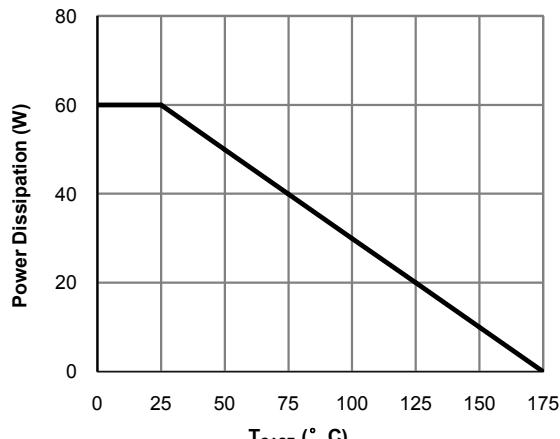


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

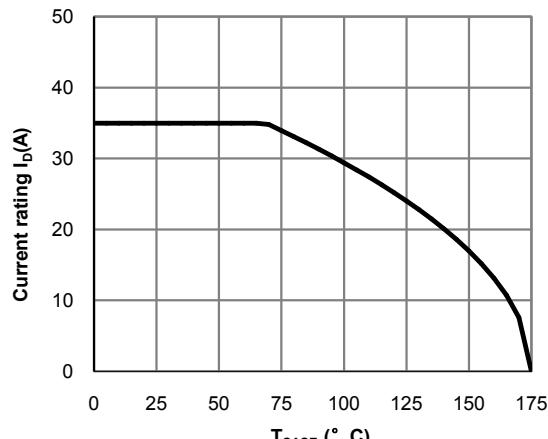


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

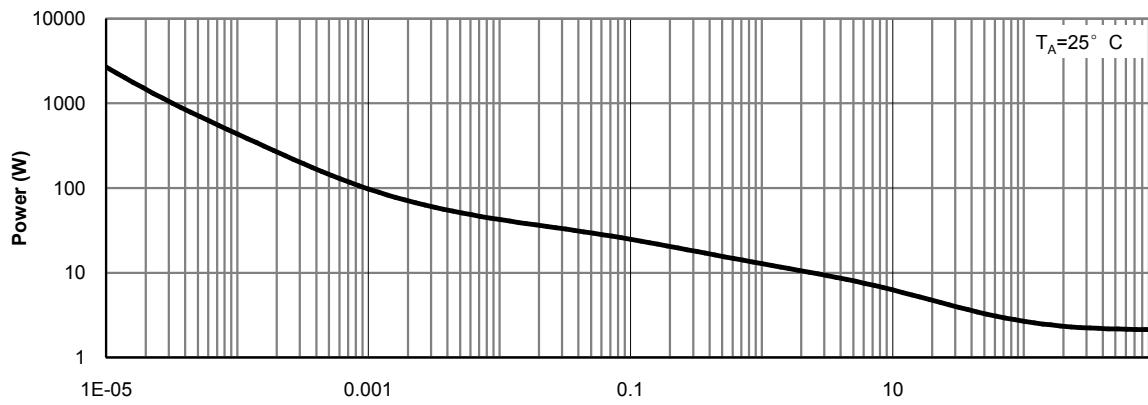


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

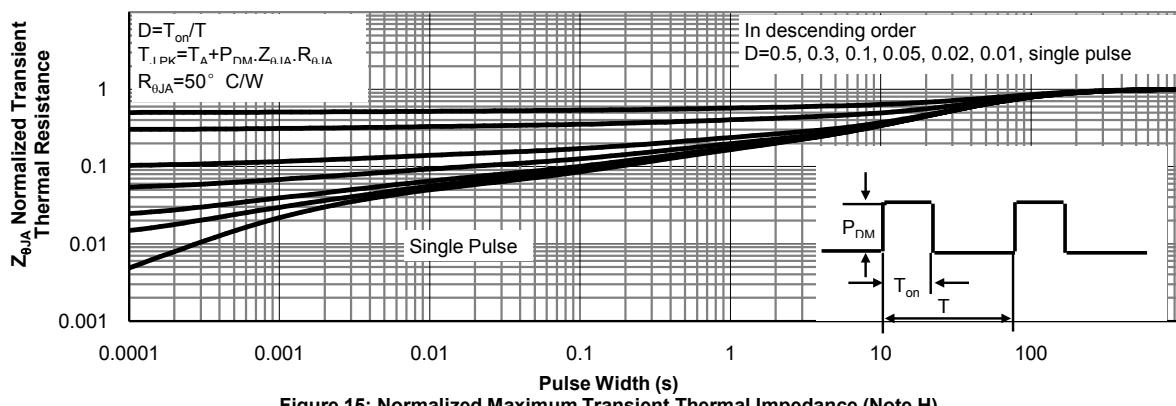
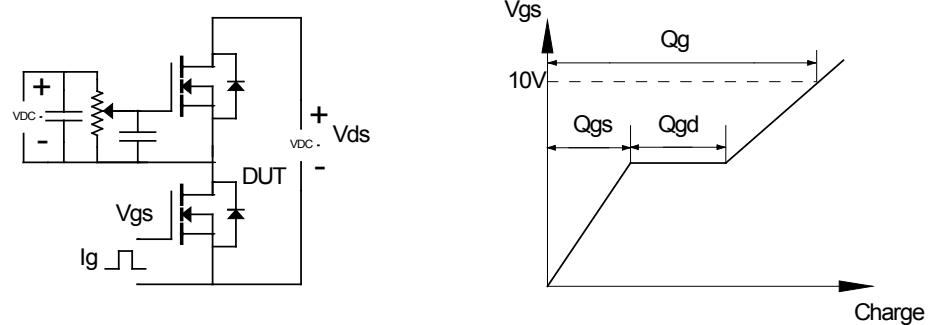
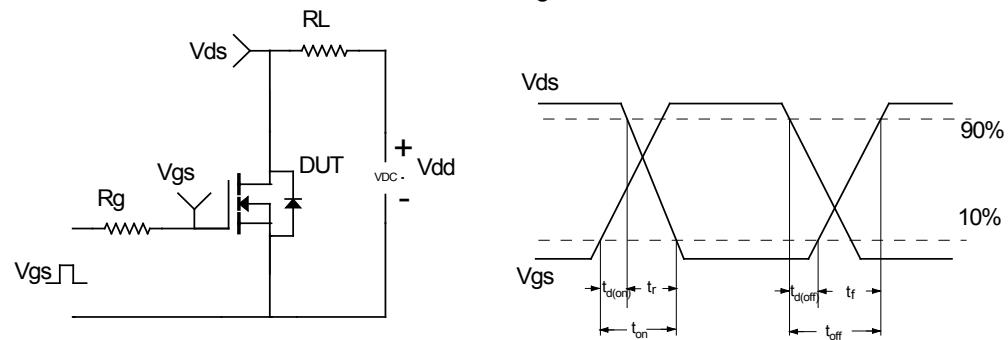


Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

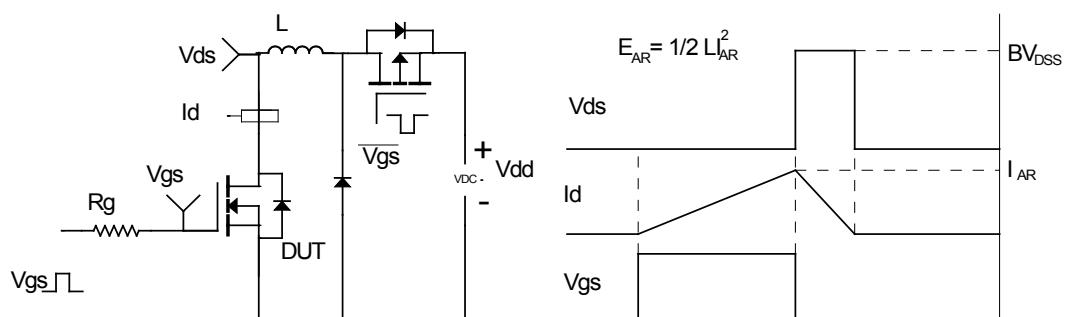
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

