

FemtoClock™ Crystal-to-LVDS Clock Generator

DATA SHEET

General Description



The ICS844251I-15 is an Ethernet Clock Generator and a member of the HiPerClocks® family of high performance devices from IDT. The ICS844251I-15 uses an 18pF parallel resonant crystal over the range of 23.2MHz - 30MHz. For Ethernet applications, a

25MHz crystal is used. The device has excellent <1ps phase jitter performance, over the 1.875MHz - 20MHz integration range. The ICS844251I-15 is packaged in a small 8-pin TSSOP, making it ideal for use in systems with limited board space.

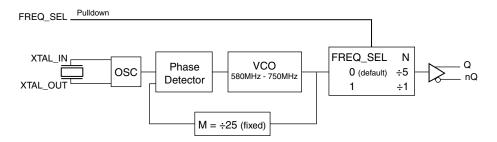
Features

- One differential LVDS output pair
- Crystal oscillator interface designed for 18pF, parallel resonant crystal (23.2MHz – 30MHz)
- Output frequency ranges: 116MHz 150MHz and 580MHz – 750MHz
- VCO range: 580MHz 750MHz
- RMS phase jitter at 125MHz, using a 25MHz crystal (1.875MHz – 20MHz): 0.46ps (typical)
- Full 2.5V output supply mode
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature
- Available in a lead-free (RoHS 6) package

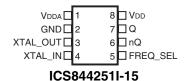
Common Configuration Table

	Output Frequency Range				
Crystal Frequency (MHz)	FREQ_SEL	M	N	Multiplication Value M/N	(MHz)
25	1	25	1	25	625
26.667	1	25	1	25	666.67
25 (default)	0	25	5	5	125
26.667	0	25	5	5	133.33

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment



8 Lead TSSOP
4.40mm x 3.0mm x 0.925mm
package body
G Package
Top View

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Number	Name	Туре		Description
1	V_{DDA}	Power		Analog supply pin.
2	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
3, 4	XTAL_OUT XTAL_IN	Input		Crystal oscillator interface. XTAL_IN is the input, XTAL_OUT is the output.
5	FREQ_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Frequency select pin. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6, 7	nQ, Q	Output		Differential output pair. LVDS interface levels.
8	V_{DD}	Power		Core supply pin.

NOTE: Pulldown refers to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

Table 2. Pin Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ

Absolute Maximum Ratings

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Item	Rating
Supply Voltage, V _{DD}	4.6V
Inputs, V _I	-0.5V to V _{DD} + 0.5V
Outputs, I _O	
Continuos Current	10mA
Surge Current	15mA
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	129.5°C/W (0 mps)
Storage Temperature, T _{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 3A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{DDA}	Analog Supply Voltage		V _{DD} – 0.10	2.5	V_{DD}	V
I _{DD}	Power Supply Current				95	mA
I _{DDA}	Analog Supply Current				10	mA

Table 3B. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		1.7		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.3		0.7	V
I _{IH}	Input High Current	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 2.625V$			150	μΑ
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	V _{DD} = 2.625V, V _{IN} = 0V	-5			μΑ

Table 3C. LVDS DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{OD}	Differential Output Voltage		247		454	mV
ΔV_{OD}	V _{OD} Magnitude Change				50	mV
V _{OS}	Offset Voltage		1.0		1.4	V
ΔV _{OS}	V _{OS} Magnitude Change				50	mV

Table 4. Crystal Characteristics

Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Mode of Oscillation		Fundamental			
Frequency		23.2		30	MHz
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)				50	Ω
Shunt Capacitance				7	pF

AC Electrical Characteristics

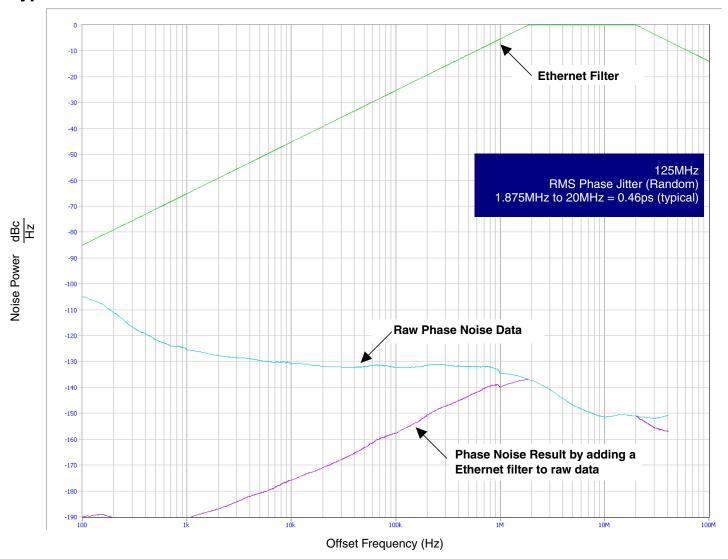
Table 5. AC Characteristics, V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5%, T_A = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
4	Output Fraguency	FREQ_SEL = 0	116		150	MHz
f _{OUT}	Output Frequency	FREQ_SEL = 1	580		750	MHz
fit(Q)	RMS Phase Jitter, Random;	125MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz – 20MHz		0.46		ps
fjit(Ø) NOTE 1	625MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz – 20MHz		0.35		ps	
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	70		550	ps
odc Output Duty Cy	Output Duty Cycle	FREQ_SEL = 0	48		52	%
	Output Duty Cycle	FREQ_SEL = 1	46		54	%

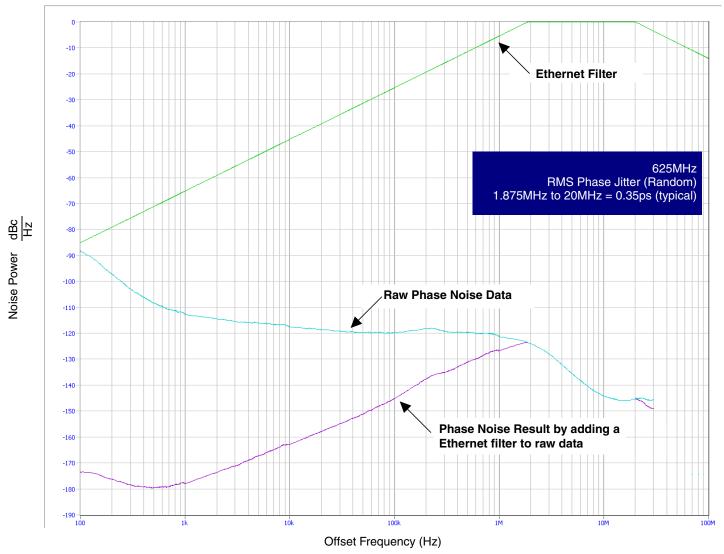
NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE 1: Refer to Phase Noise Plots.

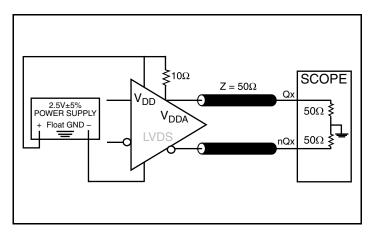
Typical Phase Noise at 125MHz



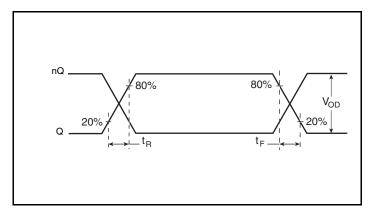
Typical Phase Noise at 625MHz



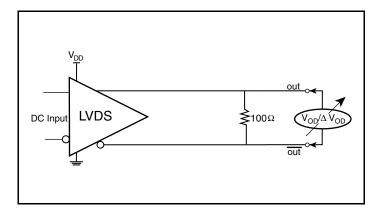
Parameter Measurement Information



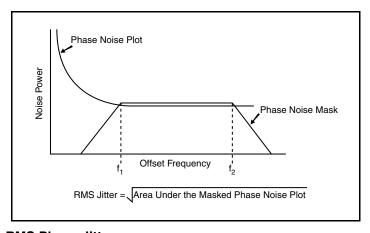
LVDS Output Load AC Test Circuit



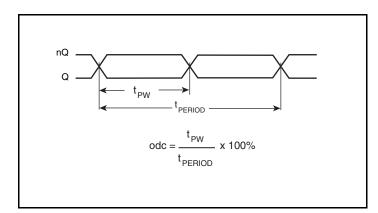
Output Rise/Fall Time



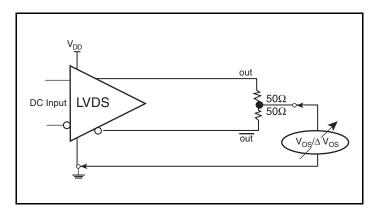
Differential Output Voltage Setup



RMS Phase Jitter



Output Duty Cycle/Pulse Width/Period



OFFSET VOLTAGE SETUP

Application Information

Power Supply Filtering Technique

As in any high speed analog circuitry, the power supply pins are vulnerable to random noise. To achieve optimum jitter performance, power supply isolation is required. The ICS844251I-15 provides separate power supplies to isolate any high switching noise from the outputs to the internal PLL. V_{DD} and V_{DDA} should be individually connected to the power supply plane through vias, and $0.01\mu F$ bypass capacitors should be used for each pin. Figure 1 illustrates this for a generic V_{DD} pin and also shows that V_{DDA} requires that an additional 10Ω resistor along with a $10\mu F$ bypass capacitor be connected to the V_{DDA} pin.

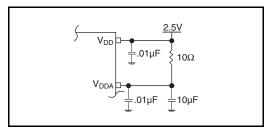


Figure 1. Power Supply Filtering

Crystal Input Interface

The ICS844251I-15 has been characterized with 18pF parallel resonant crystals. The capacitor values, C1 and C2, shown in *Figure 2* below were determined using a 25MHz, 18pF parallel resonant

crystal and were chosen to minimize the ppm error. The optimum C1 and C2 values can be slightly adjusted for different board layouts.

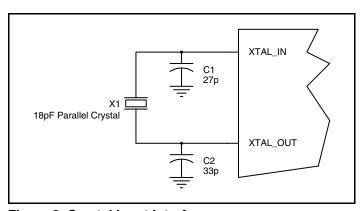


Figure 2. Crystal Input Interface

LVCMOS to XTAL Interface

The XTAL_IN input can accept a single-ended LVCMOS signal through an AC coupling capacitor. A general interface diagram is shown in *Figure 3*. The XTAL_OUT pin can be left floating. The input edge rate can be as slow as 10ns. For LVCMOS inputs, it is recommended that the amplitude be reduced from full swing to half swing in order to prevent signal interference with the power rail and to reduce noise. This configuration requires that the output impedance of the driver (Ro) plus the series resistance (Rs) equals

the transmission line impedance. In addition, matched termination at the crystal input will attenuate the signal in half. This can be done in one of two ways. First, R1 and R2 in parallel should equal the transmission line impedance. For most 50Ω applications, R1 and R2 can be 100Ω . This can also be accomplished by removing R1 and making R2 50Ω . By overdriving the crystal oscillator, the device will be functional, but note, the device performance is guaranteed by using a quartz crystal.

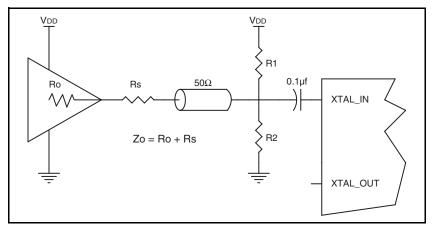


Figure 3. General Diagram for LVCMOS Driver to XTAL Input Interface

2.5V LVDS Driver Termination

Figure 4 shows a typical termination for LVDS driver in characteristic impedance of 100 Ω differential (50 Ω single) transmission line

environment. For buffer with multiple LVDS driver, it is recommended to terminate the unused outputs.

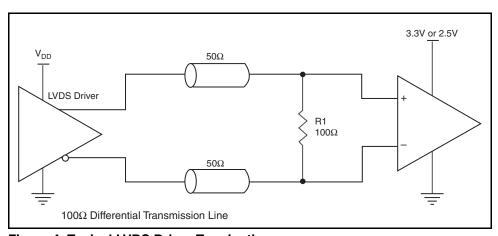


Figure 4. Typical LVDS Driver Termination

Power Considerations

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS844251I-15. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS844251I-15 is the sum of the core power plus the analog power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{DD} = 2.5V + 5\% = 2.625V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

Power (core)_{MAX} = V_{DD_MAX} * (I_{DD_MAX} + I_{DDA MAX}) = 2.625V * (100mA + 10mA) = 288.75mW

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, Tj, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS devices is 125°C. Limiting the internal transistor junction temperature, Tj, to 125°C ensures that the bond wire and bond pad temperature remains below 125°C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: Tj = θ_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A

Tj = Junction Temperature

 θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming no air flow and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 129.5. °C/W per Table 6 below.

Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

 $85^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.289\text{W} * 129.5^{\circ}\text{C/W} = 122.4^{\circ}\text{C}$. This is below the limit of 125°C .

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow and the type of board (multi-layer).

Table 6. Thermal Resistance θ_{JA} for 8 Lead TSSOP, Forced Convection

θ_{JA} by Velocity					
Meters per Second	0	1	2.5		
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	129.5°C/W	125.5°C/W	123.5°C/W		

Reliability Information

Table 7. $\theta_{\mbox{\scriptsize JA}}$ vs. Air Flow Table for a 8 Lead TSSOP

θ _{JA} vs. Air Flow				
Meters per Second	0	1	2.5	
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	129.5°C/W	125.5°C/W	123.5°C/W	

Transistor Count

The transistor count for ICS844251I-15 is: 2398

Package Outline and Package Dimensions

Package Outline - G Suffix for 8 Lead TSSOP

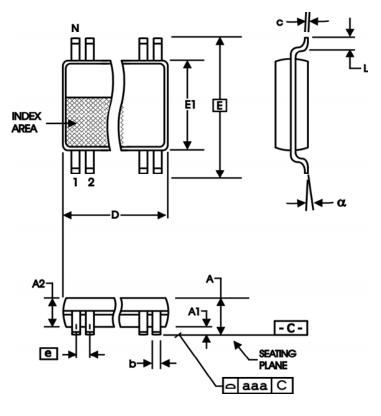


Table 8. Package Dimensions

All Din	All Dimensions in Millimeters					
Symbol	Minimum Maximum					
N	8	3				
Α		1.20				
A1	0.5	0.15				
A2	0.80	1.05				
b	0.19	0.30				
С	0.09	0.20				
D	2.90	3.10				
E	6.40	Basic				
E1	4.30	4.50				
е	0.65	Basic				
L	0.45	0.75				
α	0°	8°				
aaa		0.10				

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

Ordering Information

Table 9. Ordering Information

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
844251BGI-15LF	BI15L	"Lead-Free" 8 Lead TSSOP	Tube	-40°C to 85°C
844251BGI-15LFT	BI15L	"Lead-Free" 8 Lead TSSOP	2500 Tape & Reel	-40°C to 85°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

While the information presented herein has been checked for both accuracy and reliability, Integrated Device Technology (IDT) assumes no responsibility for either its use or for the infringement of any patents or other rights of third parties, which would result from its use. No other circuits, patents, or licenses are implied. This product is intended for use in normal commercial and industrial applications. Any other applications, such as those requiring high reliability or other extraordinary environmental requirements are not recommended without additional processing by IDT. IDT reserves the right to change any circuitry or specifications without notice. IDT does not authorize or warrant any IDT product for use in life support devices or critical medical instruments.



6024 Silver Creek Valley Road San Jose, California 95138 **Sales** 800-345-7015 (inside USA) +408-284-8200 (outside USA) Fax: 408-284-2775 www.IDT.com/go/contactIDT Technical Support netcom@idt.com +480-763-2056

DISCLAIMER Integrated Device Technology, Inc. (IDT) and its subsidiaries reserve the right to modify the products and/or specifications described herein at any time and at IDT's sole discretion. All information in this document, including descriptions of product features and performance, is subject to change without notice. Performance specifications and the operating parameters of the described products are determined in the independent state and are not guaranteed to perform the same way when installed in customer products. The information contained herein is provided without representation or warranty of any kind, whether express or implied, including, but not limited to, the suitability of IDT's products for any particular purpose, an implied warranty of merchantability, or non-infringement of the intellectual property rights of others. This document is presented only as a guide and does not convey any license under intellectual property rights of IDT or any third parties.

IDT's products are not intended for use in life support systems or similar devices where the failure or malfunction of an IDT product can be reasonably expected to significantly affect the health or safety of users. Anyone using an IDT product in such a manner does so at their own risk, absent an express, written agreement by IDT.

Integrated Device Technology, IDT and the IDT logo are registered trademarks of IDT. Other trademarks and service marks used herein, including protected names, logos and designs, are the property of IDT or their respective third party owners.

Copyright 2009. All rights reserved.