

# RF Power LDMOS Transistor

## N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Lateral MOSFET

This 63 watt symmetrical Doherty RF power LDMOS transistor is designed for cellular base station applications covering the frequency range of 1805 to 1880 MHz.

- Typical Doherty Single-Carrier W-CDMA Performance:  $V_{DD} = 28$  Volts,  $I_{DQA} = 1000$  mA,  $V_{GSB} = 1.2$  Vdc,  $P_{out} = 63$  Watts Avg., Input Signal PAR = 9.9 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.

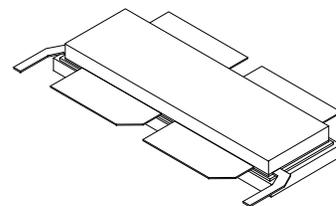
Frequency	$G_{ps}$ (dB)	$\eta_D$ (%)	Output PAR (dB)	ACPR (dBc)
1805 MHz	16.1	44.5	7.7	-29.8
1840 MHz	16.1	44.3	7.7	-31.6
1880 MHz	15.8	44.1	7.6	-33.0

### Features

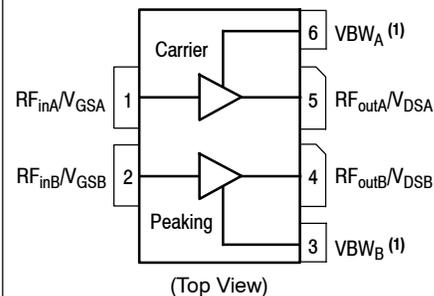
- Production Tested in a Symmetrical Doherty Configuration
- Greater Negative Gate-Source Voltage Range for Improved Class C Operation
- Designed for Digital Predistortion Error Correction Systems
- In Tape and Reel. R6 Suffix = 150 Units, 56 mm Tape Width, 13-inch Reel.

**AFT18P350-4S2LR6**

**1805-1880 MHz, 63 W AVG., 28 V**



**NI-1230-4LS2L**



**Figure 1. Pin Connections**

1. Device cannot operate with the  $V_{DD}$  current supplied through pin 3 and pin 6.

**Table 1. Maximum Ratings**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DSS}$	-0.5, +65	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-6.0, +10	Vdc
Operating Voltage	$V_{DD}$	32, +0	Vdc
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +150	°C
Case Operating Temperature Range	$T_C$	-40 to +150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range (1,2)	$T_J$	-40 to +225	°C
CW Operation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	CW	374 3.2	W W/°C

**Table 2. Thermal Characteristics**

Characteristic	Symbol	Value (2,3)	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Case Temperature $75^\circ\text{C}$ , 63 W W-CDMA, 28 Vdc, $I_{DQA} = 1000\text{ mA}$ , $V_{GSB} = 1.2\text{ Vdc}$ , 1805 MHz	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.39	°C/W

**Table 3. ESD Protection Characteristics**

Test Methodology	Class
Human Body Model (per JESD22-A114)	2
Machine Model (per EIA/JESD22-A115)	B
Charge Device Model (per JESD22-C101)	IV

**Table 4. Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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**Off Characteristics (4)**

Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ( $V_{DS} = 65\text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{DSS}$	—	—	10	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ( $V_{DS} = 28\text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{DSS}$	—	—	1	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Gate-Source Leakage Current ( $V_{GS} = 5\text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{GSS}$	—	—	1	$\mu\text{Adc}$

**On Characteristics**

Gate Threshold Voltage (4) ( $V_{DS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D = 240\ \mu\text{Adc}$ )	$V_{GS(th)}$	1.5	1.9	2.5	Vdc
Gate Quiescent Voltage ( $V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_{DA} = 1000\text{ mAdc}$ , Measured in Functional Test)	$V_{GS(Q)}$	2.3	2.7	3.3	Vdc
Drain-Source On-Voltage (4) ( $V_{GS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D = 2.75\text{ Adc}$ )	$V_{DS(on)}$	0.1	0.2	0.3	Vdc

1. Continuous use at maximum temperature will affect MTTF.
2. MTTF calculator available at <http://www.freescale.com/rf>. Select Software & Tools/Development Tools/Calculators to access MTTF calculators by product.
3. Refer to AN1955, *Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers*. Go to <http://www.freescale.com/rf>. Select Documentation/Application Notes - AN1955.
4. Each side of device measured separately.

(continued)

**Table 4 . Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Functional Tests</b> <sup>(1,2)</sup> (In Freescale Doherty Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) $V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_{DQA} = 1000\text{ mA}$ , $V_{GSB} = 1.2\text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{out} = 63\text{ W Avg.}$ , $f = 1805\text{ MHz}$ , Single-Carrier W-CDMA, IQ Magnitude Clipping, Input Signal PAR = 9.9 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF. ACPR measured in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth @ $\pm 5\text{ MHz}$ Offset.					
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	15.0	16.1	18.0	dB
Drain Efficiency	$\eta_D$	41.0	44.5	—	%
Output Peak-to-Average Ratio @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF	PAR	7.2	7.7	—	dB
Adjacent Channel Power Ratio	ACPR	—	-29.8	-27.0	dBc

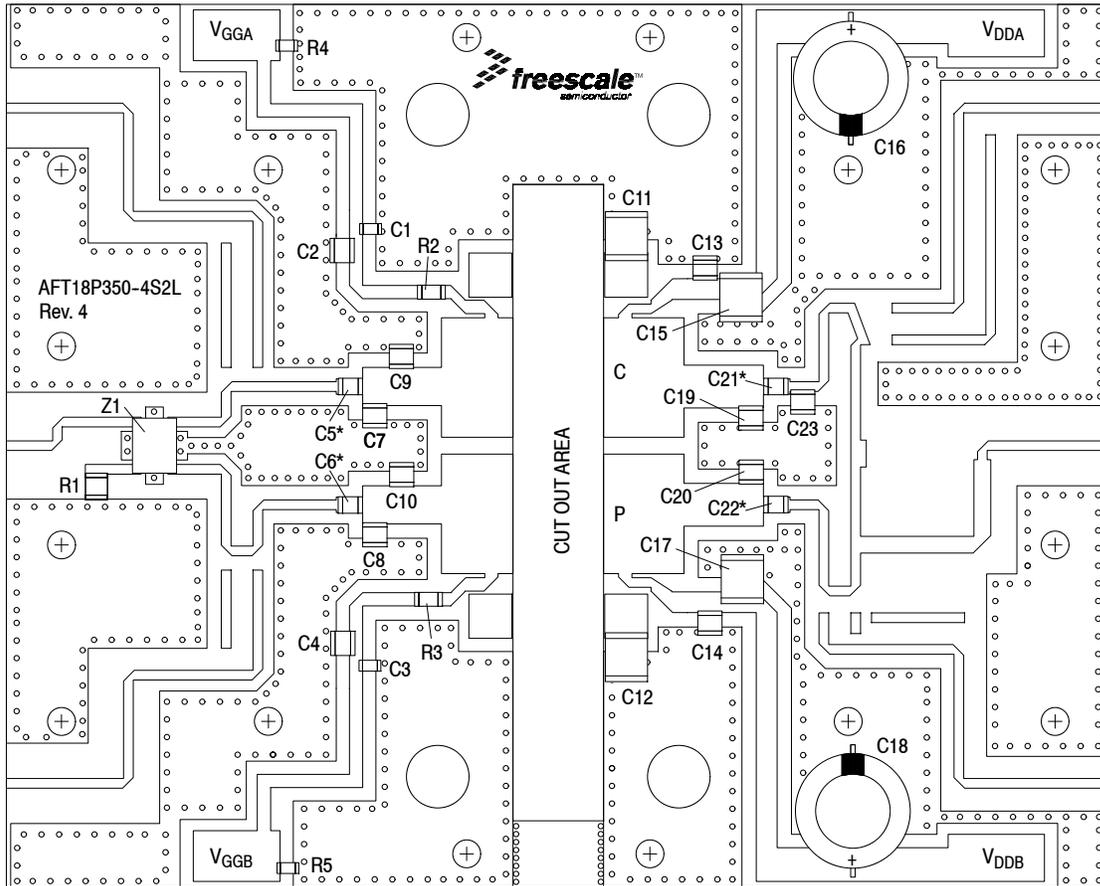
**Load Mismatch** (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system)  $I_{DQA} = 1000\text{ mA}$ ,  $f = 1840\text{ MHz}$ 

VSWR 10:1 at 32 Vdc, 414 W CW <sup>(3)</sup> Output Power (3 dB Input Overdrive from 316 W CW Rated Power)	No Device Degradation
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**Typical Performance** <sup>(2)</sup> (In Freescale Doherty Test Fixture, 50 ohm system)  $V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$ ,  $I_{DQA} = 1000\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{GSB} = 1.2\text{ Vdc}$ , 1805-1880 MHz Bandwidth

$P_{out}$ @ 1 dB Compression Point, CW	P1dB	—	316	—	W
$P_{out}$ @ 3 dB Compression Point <sup>(4)</sup>	P3dB	—	394	—	W
AM/PM (Maximum value measured at the P3dB compression point across the 1805-1880 MHz bandwidth)	$\Phi$	—	31	—	°
VBW Resonance Point (IMD Third Order Intermodulation Inflection Point)	$VBW_{res}$	—	90	—	MHz
Gain Flatness in 75 MHz Bandwidth @ $P_{out} = 63\text{ W Avg.}$	$G_F$	—	0.4	—	dB
Gain Variation over Temperature ( $-30^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ )	$\Delta G$	—	0.01	—	dB/°C
Output Power Variation over Temperature ( $-30^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>(3)</sup>	$\Delta P1dB$	—	0.005	—	dB/°C

1. Part internally matched both on input and output.
2. Measurements made with device in a symmetrical Doherty configuration.
3. Exceeds recommended operating conditions. See CW operation data in Maximum Ratings table.
4. P3dB =  $P_{avg} + 7.0\text{ dB}$  where  $P_{avg}$  is the average output power measured using an unclipped W-CDMA single-carrier input signal where output PAR is compressed to 7.0 dB @ 0.01% probability on CCDF.



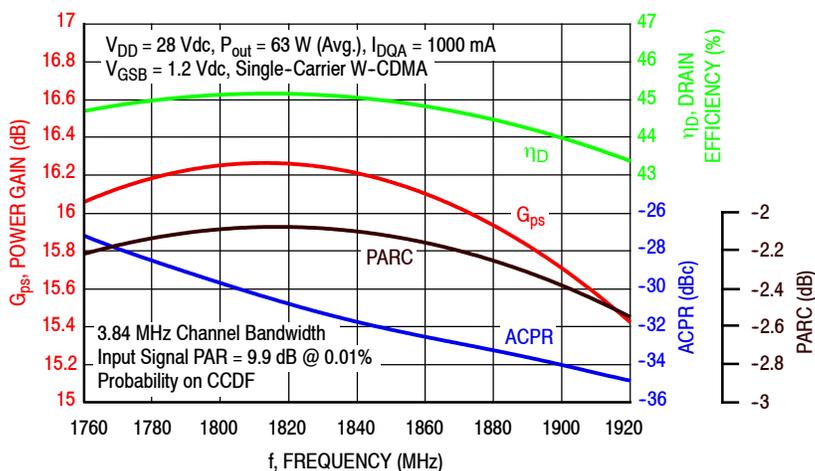
\*C5, C6, C21 and C22 are mounted vertically.

**Figure 2. AFT18P350-4S2LR6 Test Circuit Component Layout**

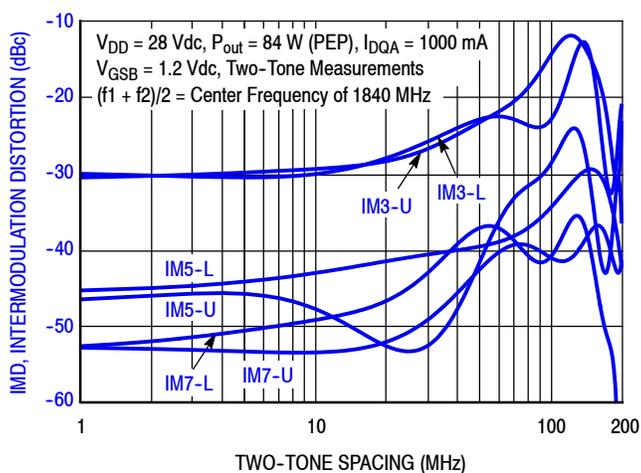
**Table 5. AFT18P350-4S2LR6 Test Circuit Component Designations and Values**

Part	Description	Part Number	Manufacturer
C1, C3	10 $\mu$ F, 50 V Chip Capacitors	GRM31CR61H106KA12L	Murata
C2, C4, C5, C6, C13, C14, C21, C22	12 pF Chip Capacitors	ATC100B120JT500XT	ATC
C7, C8, C9, C10	0.3 pF Chip Capacitors	ATC100B0R3BT500XT	ATC
C11, C12, C15, C17	10 $\mu$ F, 100 V Chip Capacitors	C5750X7S2A106M	TDK
C16, C18	470 $\mu$ F, 63 V Electrolytic Capacitors	MCGPR63V477M13X26-RH	Multicomp
C19	0.5 pF Chip Capacitor	ATC100B0R5BT500XT	ATC
C20	0.6 pF Chip Capacitor	ATC100B0R6BT500XT	ATC
C23	0.4 pF Chip Capacitor	ATC100B0R4BT500XT	ATC
R1	50 $\Omega$ , 10 W Chip Resistor	CW12010T0050GBK	ATC
R2, R3	2.7 $\Omega$ , 1/4 W Chip Resistors	CRCW12062R70FNEA	Vishay
R4, R5	1.8 k $\Omega$ , 1/4 W Chip Resistors	CRCW12061K80FKEA	Vishay
Z1	1700-2000 MHz Band 90°, 3 dB Hybrid Coupler	X3C19P1-03S	Anaren
PCB	0.020", $\epsilon_r = 3.50$	RO4350B	Rogers

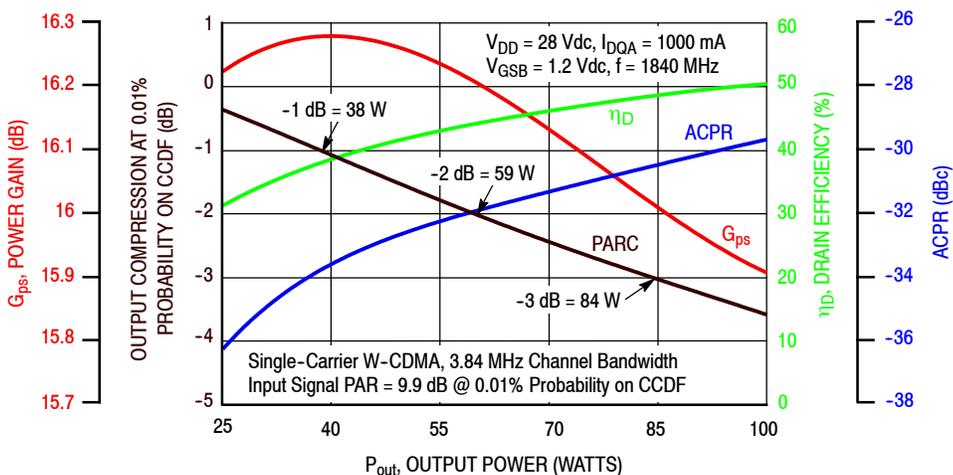
### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



**Figure 3. Single-Carrier Output Peak-to-Average Ratio Compression (PARC) Broadband Performance @  $P_{out} = 63$  Watts Avg.**

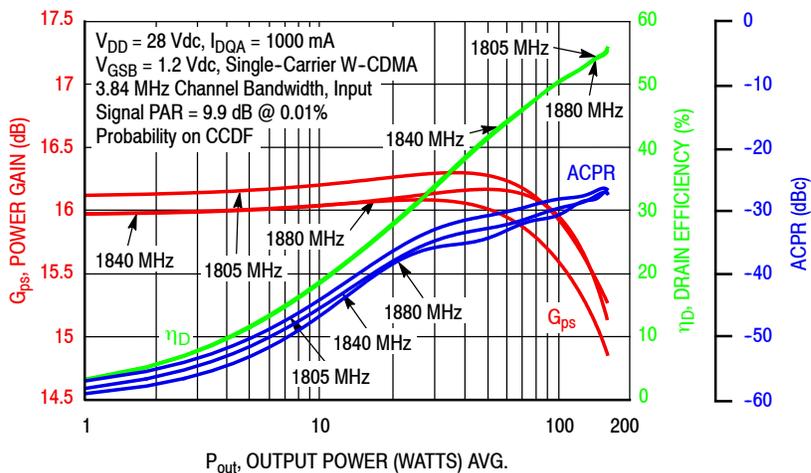


**Figure 4. Intermodulation Distortion Products versus Two-Tone Spacing**

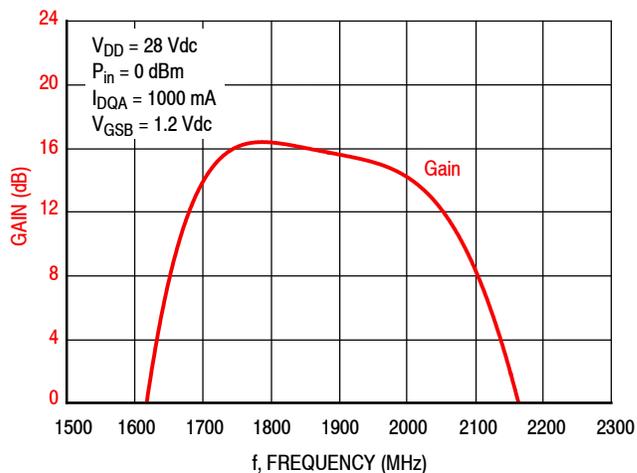


**Figure 5. Output Peak-to-Average Ratio Compression (PARC) versus Output Power**

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



**Figure 6. Single-Carrier W-CDMA Power Gain, Drain Efficiency and ACPR versus Output Power**



**Figure 7. Broadband Frequency Response**

$V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$ ,  $I_{DQA} = 1276 \text{ mA}$ , Pulsed CW, 10  $\mu\text{sec(ON)}$ , 10% Duty Cycle

f (MHz)	$Z_{\text{source}} (\Omega)$	$Z_{\text{in}} (\Omega)$	Max Output Power					
			P1dB					
			$Z_{\text{load}}^{(1)} (\Omega)$	Gain (dB)	(dBm)	(W)	$\eta_D$ (%)	AM/PM (°)
1800	1.66 - j4.48	1.68 + j4.49	1.39 - j3.55	17.5	53.6	227	54.5	-11
1840	2.33 - j4.85	2.36 + j5.08	1.47 - j3.87	17.6	53.5	225	53.7	-11
1880	3.53 - j5.49	3.63 + j5.63	1.55 - j4.21	17.6	53.6	229	55.3	-11

f (MHz)	$Z_{\text{source}} (\Omega)$	$Z_{\text{in}} (\Omega)$	Max Output Power					
			P3dB					
			$Z_{\text{load}}^{(2)} (\Omega)$	Gain (dB)	(dBm)	(W)	$\eta_D$ (%)	AM/PM (°)
1800	1.66 - j4.48	1.62 + j4.65	1.38 - j3.74	15.3	54.4	276	56.8	-16
1840	2.33 - j4.85	2.35 + j5.32	1.46 - j4.07	15.3	54.4	272	55.5	-16
1880	3.53 - j5.49	3.75 + j6.00	1.57 - j4.37	15.4	54.4	277	57.3	-17

(1) Load impedance for optimum P1dB power.

(2) Load impedance for optimum P3dB power.

$Z_{\text{source}}$  = Measured impedance presented to the input of the device at the package reference plane.

$Z_{\text{in}}$  = Impedance as measured from gate contact to ground.

$Z_{\text{load}}$  = Measured impedance presented to the output of the device at the package reference plane.

**Figure 8. Single Side Load Pull Performance — Maximum Power Tuning**

$V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$ ,  $I_{DQA} = 1276 \text{ mA}$ , Pulsed CW, 10  $\mu\text{sec(ON)}$ , 10% Duty Cycle

f (MHz)	$Z_{\text{source}} (\Omega)$	$Z_{\text{in}} (\Omega)$	Max Drain Efficiency					
			P1dB					
			$Z_{\text{load}}^{(1)} (\Omega)$	Gain (dB)	(dBm)	(W)	$\eta_D$ (%)	AM/PM (°)
1800	1.66 - j4.48	1.77 + j4.81	3.13 - j2.02	20.4	51.4	139	65.6	-17
1840	2.33 - j4.85	2.56 + j5.32	2.91 - j2.41	20.2	51.6	146	64.2	-16
1880	3.53 - j5.49	3.98 + j5.87	2.61 - j2.54	20.1	51.7	148	65.6	-16

f (MHz)	$Z_{\text{source}} (\Omega)$	$Z_{\text{in}} (\Omega)$	Max Drain Efficiency					
			P3dB					
			$Z_{\text{load}}^{(2)} (\Omega)$	Gain (dB)	(dBm)	(W)	$\eta_D$ (%)	AM/PM (°)
1800	1.66 - j4.48	1.73 + j4.80	3.06 - j2.93	17.8	52.8	190	67.3	-21
1840	2.33 - j4.85	2.53 + j5.48	2.88 - j2.69	17.9	52.6	183	66.6	-23
1880	3.53 - j5.49	4.06 + j6.19	2.55 - j2.65	18.0	52.5	180	67.8	-24

(1) Load impedance for optimum P1dB efficiency.

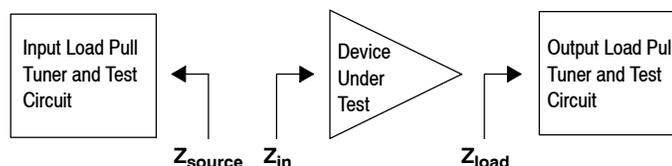
(2) Load impedance for optimum P3dB efficiency.

$Z_{\text{source}}$  = Measured impedance presented to the input of the device at the package reference plane.

$Z_{\text{in}}$  = Impedance as measured from gate contact to ground.

$Z_{\text{load}}$  = Measured impedance presented to the output of the device at the package reference plane.

**Figure 9. Single Side Load Pull Performance — Maximum Drain Efficiency Tuning**



### P1dB - TYPICAL LOAD PULL CONTOURS — 1840 MHz

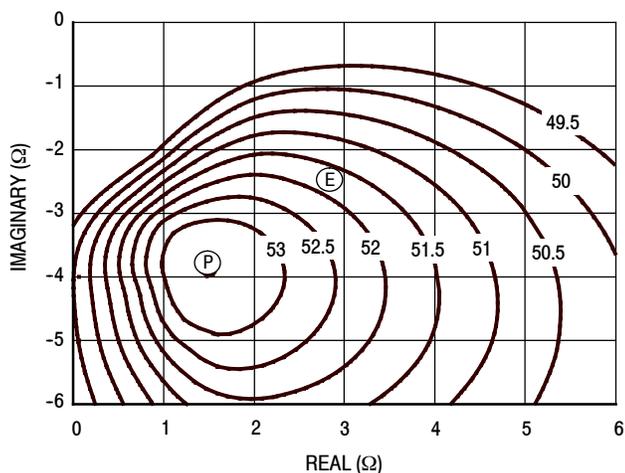


Figure 10. P1dB Load Pull Output Power Contours (dBm)

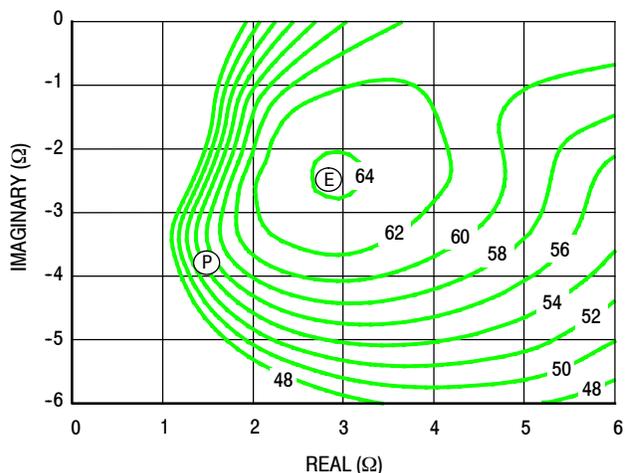


Figure 11. P1dB Load Pull Efficiency Contours (%)

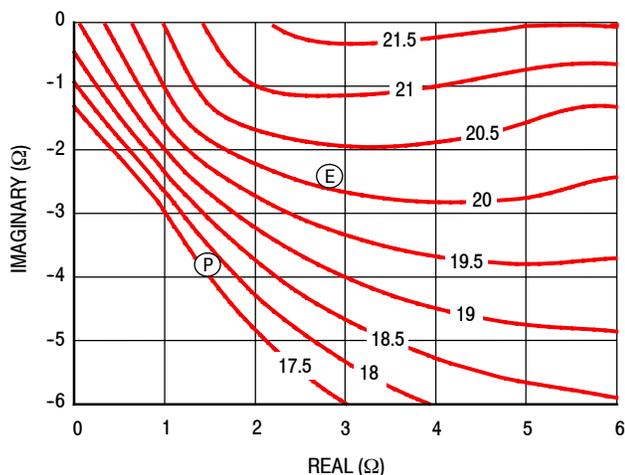


Figure 12. P1dB Load Pull Gain Contours (dB)

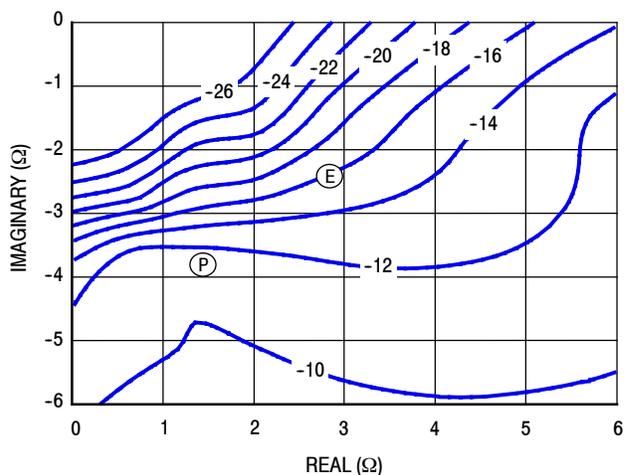
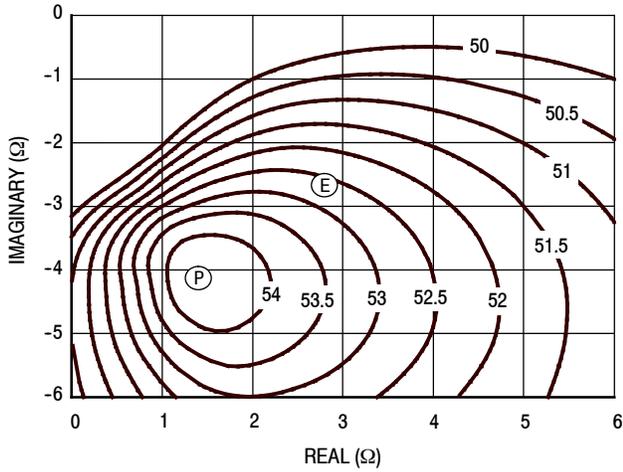


Figure 13. P1dB Load Pull AM/PM Contours (°)

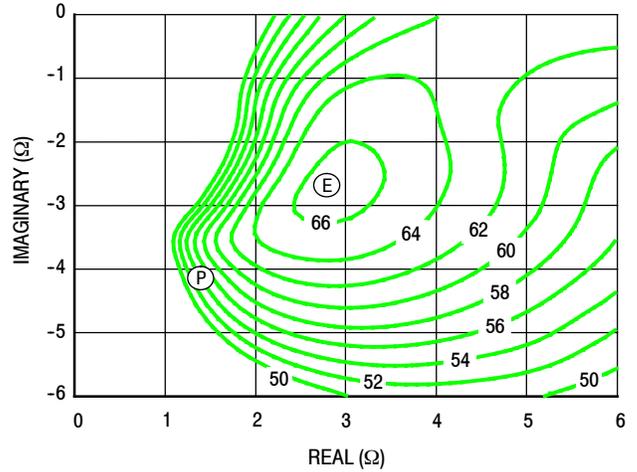
**NOTE:** (P) = Maximum Output Power  
 (E) = Maximum Drain Efficiency

- Power Gain
- Drain Efficiency
- Linearity
- Output Power

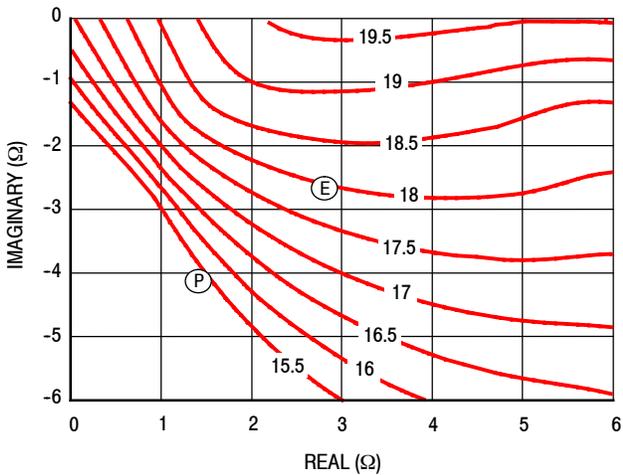
**P3dB - TYPICAL LOAD PULL CONTOURS — 1840 MHz**



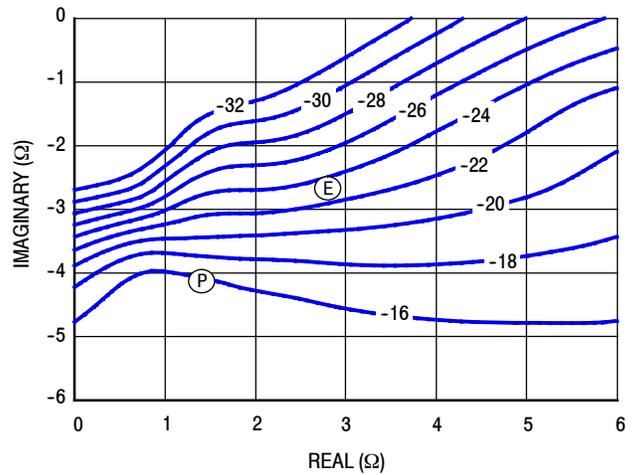
**Figure 14. P3dB Load Pull Output Power Contours (dBm)**



**Figure 15. P3dB Load Pull Efficiency Contours (%)**



**Figure 16. P3dB Load Pull Gain Contours (dB)**

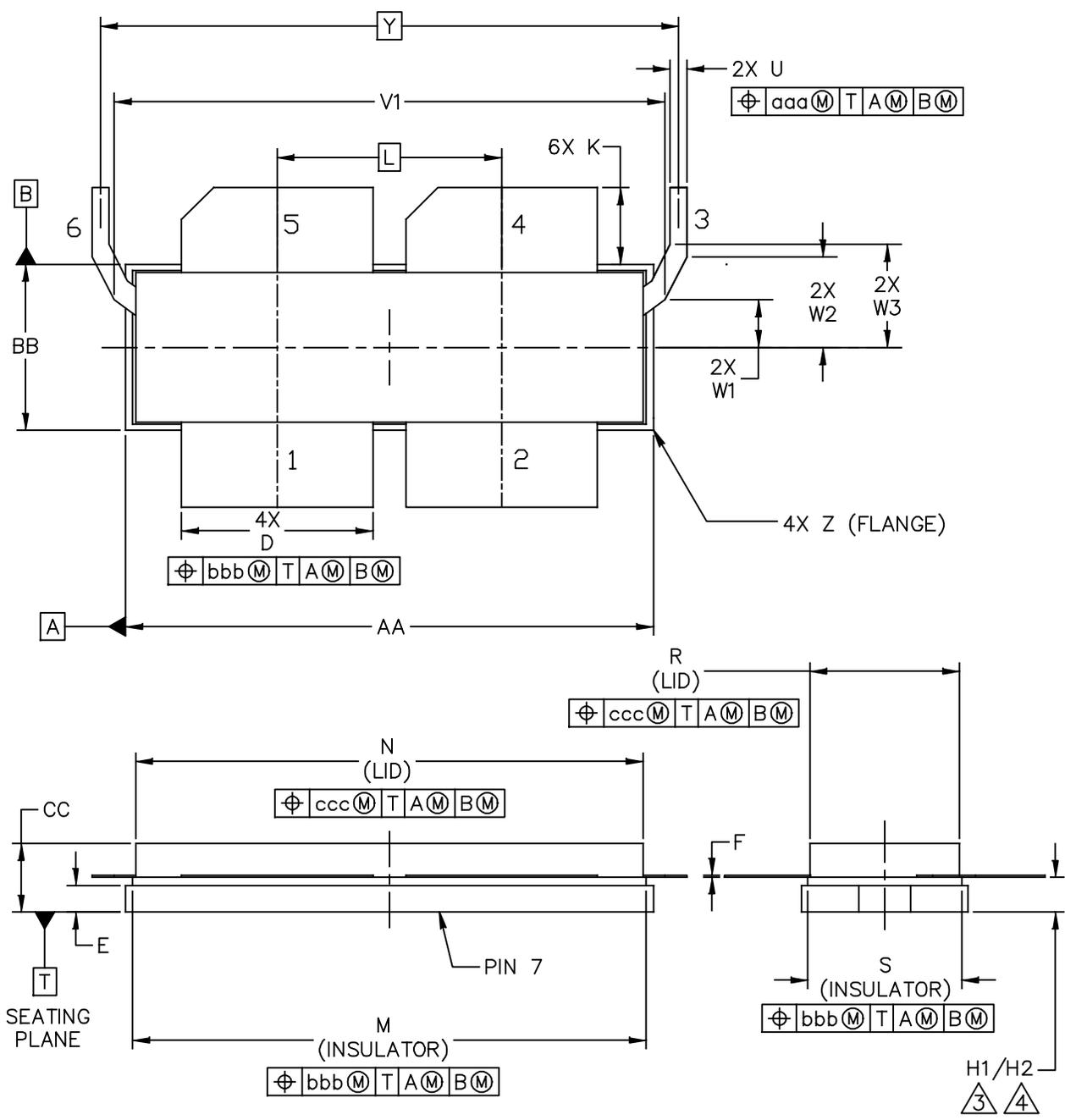


**Figure 17. P3dB Load Pull AM/PM Contours (°)**

**NOTE:** (P) = Maximum Output Power  
 (E) = Maximum Drain Efficiency

- Power Gain
- Drain Efficiency
- Linearity
- Output Power

**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



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		08 MAR 2013

NOTES:

1. INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M–1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH

3. DIMENSIONS H1 AND H2 ARE MEASURED .030 INCH (0.762 MM) AWAY FROM FLANGE PARALLEL TO DATUM B. H1 APPLIES TO PINS 1, 2, 4 & 5. H2 APPLIES TO PINS 3 & 6.

4. TOLERANCE OF DIMENSION H2 IS TENTATIVE AND COULD CHANGE ONCE SUFFICIENT MANUFACTURING DATA IS AVAILABLE.

DIM	INCH		MILLIMETER		DIM	INCH		MILLIMETER	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
AA	1.265	1.275	32.13	32.39	N	1.218	1.242	30.94	31.55
BB	.395	.405	10.03	10.29	R	.365	.375	9.27	9.53
CC	.170	.190	4.32	4.83	S	.365	.375	9.27	9.53
D	.455	.465	11.56	11.81	U	.035	.045	0.89	1.14
E	.062	.066	1.57	1.68	V1	1.320	1.330	33.53	33.78
F	.004	.007	0.10	0.18	W1	.110	.120	2.79	3.05
H1	.082	.090	2.08	2.29	W2	.213	.223	5.41	5.66
H2	.078	.094	1.98	2.39	W3	.243	.253	6.17	6.43
K	.175	.195	4.45	4.95	Y	1.390 BSC		35.31 BSC	
L	.540 BSC		13.72 BSC		Z	R.000	R.040	R0.00	R1.02
M	1.219	1.241	30.96	31.52	aaa	.015		0.38	
					bbb	.010		0.25	
					ccc	.020		0.51	

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		08 MAR 2013	

## PRODUCT DOCUMENTATION, SOFTWARE AND TOOLS

Refer to the following documents, software and tools to aid your design process.

### Application Notes

- AN1955: Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers

### Engineering Bulletins

- EB212: Using Data Sheet Impedances for RF LDMOS Devices

### Software

- Electromigration MTTF Calculator
- RF High Power Model
- .s2p File

### Development Tools

- Printed Circuit Boards

For Software and Tools, do a Part Number search at <http://www.freescale.com>, and select the “Part Number” link. Go to the Software & Tools tab on the part’s Product Summary page to download the respective tool.

## REVISION HISTORY

The following table summarizes revisions to this document.

Revision	Date	Description
0	Apr. 2013	• Initial Release of Data Sheet

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